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TABLISHMENT,

romont St., between Front and Battery,

AN FRANCISCO

PAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH IN-
N CIRCULAR SAW
ING in all its branches such as Gumming,
, Straightening &c
AR SAWS of all sizes also Cross-cut Mill,
ig, Buck, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds
th a good assortment of Saw Arbors at low-
rates
liced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING
always on hand ground to any desired pattern.
Messrs KNAPP, HUBBELL & CO.,
Merchants, Portland Oregon, are my only
Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho
ent through them by telegraph or
d at same rates as if sent to me direct

. LIESENFELD'S
RD TABLE MANUFACTORY.
MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Sole Agents
ON THE Pacific Coast
FOR
ELAN & COLLENDER'S
ION BEVELED TABLES patented June 6th
the KUSKA WIRE CUSHION; patented
21, and the celebrated Combination Cushion
a large assortment of Billiard Balls
patent Bagatelle, called MONARCH; pat-
10, 1872

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S AT THE ROOT OF EVERY DISEASE.
ics in the Liver and the Blood. It Cures
NSTIPATION, CHRONIC COUGHS, DYS-
EVERS AND AGUE, KIDNEY, ALL BIL-
MOST CHRONIC DISEASES. THEY HAVE
IN CASES OF FEMALE WEAKNESS,
HAWKINS, Agent and Manufacturer
ramento street, bet. Sansome and Battery,
San Francisco,
every where. E MARTIN & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

DRYMEN, BLACKSMITHS
AND CARRIAGE-MAKERS.
D OLD COMPANY'S LEHIGH COAL
Creek, Cask and Bulk Cumberland Coal;
R PIG IRON—Prices specially, the above
with great care for interior customers.
J. R. DOYLE,
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nd Pacific, San Francisco. 1y Daily

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the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN and for
lished in California, Oregon and Nevada;
Utah Idaho, Montana, Colorado, Arizona
Territories; Sandwich Islands, the British
Mexican Ports, Nicaragua, Panama, Val-
an and China; New Zealand and the Aus-
lies, the Atlantic States and Europe.

DVERTISING
al created many a new business;
s enlarged many an old business;
s revived many a dull business;
s saved many a failing business;
s preserved many a large business;
nd insures success in any business.

SECRET.—Stephen Girard used to say in
"I have always considered advertising the
ng to be the great medium of success in bu-
e prelude to wealth. And I have made it
ule to advertise in dull times as well as the
s rescued many a lost business;
s saved many a failing business;
s preserved many a large business;
nd insures success in any business.

SECRET.—Stephen Girard used to say in
"I have always considered advertising the
ng to be the great medium of success in bu-
e prelude to wealth. And I have made it
ule to advertise in dull times as well as the
experience having taught me that money
well laid out, is by continually keeping up
ore the public it has secured many sales that
would have lost."

DVERTISE YOUR BUSINESS.
OUR NAME BEFORE THE PUBLIC
ADVERTISING INSURES A FORTUNE.
USINESS IS DULL, ADVERTISE.
USINESS IS BRISK, ADVERTISE.
an who didn't believe in advertising has
nership with the sheriff, and that official
rtising. jy10d3m

New York.

. KEELER & CO.,
5 Liberty St., New York
AND N. W. COMMISSION
AGENCY
TING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA
Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francisco
all classes and varieties of Merchandise and
orts from the North-West.
s to approved consignments, and orders
olicited. All orders and business will re-
attention.
CES—New York: N. Y. Nail Bank cor.
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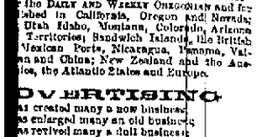
Broad street; Messrs. Denny, Miller &
h street, Oregon. Messrs. Ladd & Til-
Portland, Hon. E. D. Shattuck, Portland;
& Bush, Bankers, Salem; A. A. McCully,

DVERTISERS.
SONS WHO CONTEMPLATE MAKING
with newspapers for the insertion of
s about I send to

P. ROWELL & CO.
or inclose 25 cents for their One Hun-
Pamphlet, containing Lists of 3,000
d estimates, showing the cost of Advertis-
appointment as Assignee of Henry Martin
in the county of Multnomah, and State
to said District, who have been adjudged
on creditors' petition, by the District
District.
JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee

E PARKER GUN.



ND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR
ARKER BROS
EST MERIDEN, CT.

lution of Co-partnership.

HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPART-
P heretofore existing between J. P. Olive
field, doing business as Butchers at the
Portland, Oregon, is this day dissolved
ent. All liabilities will be paid, and all
ts collected only by George T. Reid
J. P. CLANS,
GEORGE T. REID
regon, Jan 8 1873 jan9dlw

past favors I hope to merit a continuance
GEO T. REID

otice in Bankruptcy

TTER OF H. H. SNOW—WILLIAM
H. Snow having been a bankrupt by
ainted to the Act of Congress approved March
is hereby given that the said H. H. Snow
et then for a discharge from all his debts
said Act, and that the 13th day of January,
ce of J. J. Henderson, Esq., Register in
Portland, District of Oregon at the hour
M., of that day has been appointed for
at petition when and where the creditors
pt may attend and show cause if any
y the prayer of said petition should not
H. H. SNOW.
Clerk of U. S. District Court
jan5-law-3w

E ASSIGNEE OF HIS APPOINTMENT.
f Oregon, ss. At Portland, the 21th day
D. 1873. The undersigned hereby gives
appointment as Assignee of Henry Martin
in the county of Multnomah, and State
to said District, who have been adjudged
on creditors' petition, by the District
District.
JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XII. PORTLAND, OREGON FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1873. NO 301

The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $2 50 for three months. Advertising at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $1 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

No papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

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OCULIST & AURIST.
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Oculist,
AT THE EARNEST SOLICITATION OF MANY friends, and former patients, has resumed practice.
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111 FIRST ST.—ROOM NO. 3—PORTLAND.
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Corbett's Building, First street.

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Attorney-at-Law,
OFFICE—Room 24, Dekum's Building, Cor. FIRST and WASHINGTON Streets.

JOHN B. WALDO.
Attorney-at-Law;
Room 15, Dekum's Building, N. W. corner Washington and First streets. daw

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SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Room 1, DEKUM'S BUILDING, N. W. cor. Washington and First streets.

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Attorneys-at-Law,
109 First St., opposite Occidental Hotel,
Portland, Oregon. dawtf

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PARRISH & HILL,
Searchers of Record, Conveyancers and Collectors,
HAVE A PERFECT ABSTRACT AND INDEX OF the Deeds of Multnomah county, embracing all city and town property, and also outside lands.
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HUELAT & WARREN,
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Segars and Tobacco!
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CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS,
North First street, between B and C sts.

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CLAY'S MUSIC STORE or ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

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CHAIR CAINER,
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PROPRIETOR OF THE
OREGON
Livery & Hack Stable.
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.
Hacks on Call Day and Night.
Jan. 11d & 11s Second St., cor. Morrison

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock A M.
FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock P. M
FOR MONTICELLO—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 o'clock A M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
J. C AINSWORTH, President.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
STEAMBOATS.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMBOAT
SENATOR.
Will leave Portland Warehouse & Dock Company's Wharf, foot of F street, at 2 o'clock P. M., Daily (except Sunday) for Oregon City and intermediate places.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE, DAYTON, CHAMPOEG and BUTTEVILLE, will
Take the Cars at Portland at 8:15 A.M
On Monday Wednesday and Friday,
connecting at Canemah with the COMPANY'S STEAMBOATS for the above places.

Passengers will notify Baggage Master at Station, East Portland to check Baggage for CANEMAH
No Freight will be received for shipment after four P M, during the months of November, December and January. For information as to Freight or Passage, apply at the Office, Front and F streets.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
As follows:

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland ..... 8 15 A M	Roseburg ..... 7 15 P.M.
Roseburg ..... 8:15 A M.	Portland ..... 4 20 P.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between
PORTLAND AND JUNCTION
as follows:

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland ..... 6 15 A.M.	Junction ..... 0.00 P.M.
Junction ..... 8.00 A.M.	Portland ..... 0.00 P.M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company
Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office
Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.
Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock, P. M. during the months of November, December and January.
H. THIELSEN, Gen' Supt.
J. C HILDRETH, Asst. Supt.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.
WILL, ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV. 3d, 1872, run a DAILY
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN
FROM
Portland to St. Joseph,
Connecting with stages at Cornelius for FOREST GROVE, and at St. Joseph for all points south and west—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland.....8.00 A. M.	St. Joseph..... 11 50 A.M.
St. Joseph ..... 1 50 P. M.	Portland ..... 5.00 P. M.

FREIGHT received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock P. M. during the months of November, December and January.
J. C. HILDRETH, General Sup't,
H. A. JEROME, Agent, Portland.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND
PACIFIC RAILROAD.
NOW A
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVERLAND ROUTE,
With its Connections East and West, is the
Shortest, Quickest and Best Route
BETWEEN THE
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.
THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAILS making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West or
THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO
With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.
The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,
And at O. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.
A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.
WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

STAGE LINES.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND
STAGE COMPANY.
GEORGE COGGAN, Proprietor.
CONCORD COACHES, FINE STOCK, SKILLED AND CAREFUL DRIVERS.
Only Fifteen Miles Staging.
QUICKEST, CHEAPEST & BEST ROUTE
To the Sound and Victoria, and
FROM VICTORIA TO PORTLAND & CALIFORNIA!
Fare from Portland to Olympia, $7 50
ONE DOLLAR SAVED BY PURCHASING TICKets at O. S N Co's office, Portland. Our agents on trains will take charge of passengers and baggage for our stages, in waiting at Tenino. Passengers from Olympia leave daily at 9 A. M (except Sunday), connecting at Tenino with N P. R. R. for Kalama and Portland.
Stage Office in Olympia at Pacific Hotel.

THE DEVOURING ELEMENT
Not having reached the
PRINTING OFFICE
OF
Himes & Bachelder,
They continue to execute in their
UNSURPASSED STYLE,
AND
AT PRICES THAT WILL DEFY COMPETITION,
LEGAL, SOCIETY AND SCHOOL PRINTING,
LETTER AND BILL HEADS,
STATEMENTS AND INVOICES
BALL TICKETS AND PROGRAMMES,
BUSINESS AND VISITING CARDS,
LABELS AND TICKETS
AND
ALL KINDS OF WORK
Incidental to a Printing Office
OUR TYPE is of the MOST MODERN PATTERN,
AND
Our Workmen Thoroughly Experienced

Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U. S.
President ..... HENRY FAILING.
Cashier ..... JAMES STEEL.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.
EIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
EIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!
FIRST
NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.
In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.
For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.
HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier.
Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WARNFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL.

THE BANK
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BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital..... $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
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IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security.
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COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
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No. 6 Post St., Masonic Temple.
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GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $150,000
LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.
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HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.
CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
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MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.
Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER
CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,
DEALER IN
Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,
THE BEST IN USE.
SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
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MINERS' GOODS,
NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS AXES, ETC., ETC.
All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.
He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders' Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

STOVES!
E. MILLWAIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
STOVES, SHEET-IRON, TIN PLATE,
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING
CHEAPER
Than Any Other House in Town.
E MILWAIN,
95 Front and 96 First streets.

WEALTH AND HEALTH IN
GOOD
CABLE SCREW WIRE
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Will not Leak, and last twice as long.

OREGON.

Another case of smallpox is reported in Baker county, near Pritchard's Bridge.

A monthly publication devoted to the real estate interests, is soon to be started at La Grande.

The salary of the Superintendent of Schools in Union county has been fixed at $300 per annum

The Commissioner of Pensions has decided that the Oregon Volunteers who served under Captain Jesse Walker and Captain Nathan Olney, in 1851, are entitled to land warrants.

The M. E Sabbath School at Hillsboro, propose giving a concert in February. Dr. F. A. Bailey will lecture for the benefit of the same school on the 28th inst., at Hillsboro.

The printers of Salem have issued a bill for a meeting to be held on the 22d inst. for the purpose of taking into consideration the proposition of making contributions to the Greeley monument fund.

Col Joe Meek, of Oregon, visited the locality on the headwaters of the Yellowstone, now known as the National Park, in the year 1829, and claims to have been the first white man who ever traversed that then almost unknown region.

The *Sentinel* says the following figures concerning our State lands embraces a period of nearly two years: Number of acres of land sold of the 500,000 acre grant, 128,742 20 100th acres. Notes outstanding, $73,048 58. Interest paid on notes during last two years, $9,536 34. Notes paid in full, $21,192 91.

The Roseburg *Pantagraph* says. The immense quantities of copper, coal, chrome, iron and other minerals which are found in abundance in southern Oregon, and only waiting for some means of quick transportation would produce an income of untold wealth to the producers and be a source of exhaustless income to the State.

The La Grande *Sentinel* says: "From A. C. Smith, who called on us yesterday, we learn that the bridge over the Walla Walla river will be completed by the 10th of February, certain. This will be good news to the traveling public. There has been about one thousand head of cattle and one thousand head of sheep wintered in the valleys, and not an ounce of hay has yet been fed them, on the other hand cattle and sheep are all getting fat."

The *Statesman* of Thursday says: "The constant drift of wheat and flour toward the metropolis is rather on the increase than otherwise. At every down trip, the steamboats seem to have a heavier load of golden grain. Yesterday the steamers *Alice* and *Shoo Fly* came down from above. The *Shoo Fly* arrived here with one hundred tons of wheat for the Oregon City mills, and after taking on board thirty tons of flour at the Salem mills, left for Oregon City. The steamer *Alice* carried the heaviest load of freight ever floated upon the Willamette river above the falls. It consisted almost entirely of wheat, there being about one hundred and seventy five tons. The river is falling rapidly.

W. F. Arrant writing from Linkville to the *Pantagraph* says: "In the battle on Lost river the citizens claimed to have killed seven Indians but the fact is they killed three or four little children, among them, one little babe tied to a board and set up against a sage brush; some of the men reported that they shot at a big injun with a white shirt on;—this was the big injun. Instead of the Indians being camped near the Lost river, they were at the cave, on the west side of the lake; where they have been ever since about the first of the trouble. I saw in another paper where the editor speaks very lightly of the war; he thinks it will be over in a few days; it may seem to people at a distance of two or three hundred miles, like a trifling affair, and that it will soon be over, but it looks very different to the people here, we have no assurance of its being over this winter, it does not look like ending very soon, when the Indians can kill seventeen men without losing one of their party, which is no doubt a fact."

The reported outbreak of the Siletz Indians appears to have been mostly sensational and unfounded. The editor of the *Statesman* has interviewed the man Carlile, who was the first to bring the news to this valley, and says: "It amounts to just about this: There has been some trouble between Sawtelle and some Indians for a long time. There are also quarrels existing between other white men and some of the Indians. As is usual in such cases, there has been much talk about 'putting on of heads'" and doing other damage by belligerents on either side. A few days ago an Indian reported to an employee that he (the Indian) had a "sick tumtum," on account of the Indians having had a big dance all night, and being mad and threatening to burn Sawtelle's house. Saturday night the house was burned; but it is only surmised that the Indians did it. Nobody knows whether it was set on fire by accident or design, or, if by design, whether by a white man or an Indian. The house was largely insured, we hear. We think that the whole matter will simmer down to this: That, if the Indians burned the house, it was merely the result of a personal quarrel with Sawtelle, and that there is no intention on the part of the Indians to engage in any insurrectionary movement. We shall hear further in a day or two. At present, the above is all that is known, upon any reliable authority."

The San Diego *World* thinks it is safe to announce that five hundred miles of the Texas and Pacific Railroad will be completed by the first of July, and adds:

This will be anticipating the time exacted in the Texas grant upwards of six months. That only stipulates for the completion of the road by the 4th of January, 1874. From this it will be seen that the managers of this thorough-going corporation have not only nothing in common with their shadowy predecessors, who talked of the Pacific, and did nothing towards fulfilling their pledges, but actually outrun the letter of obligation. The probability is greater that by the end of three years, working from the eastern end and from this, communication will be open from ocean to ocean. The broad Atlantic will be freighted with goods from the Pacific, which have come over a line at least eight hundred miles shorter than any other. To complete a through continental line from San Diego to Charleston, South Carolina, requires but one link, and that will shortly be obtained. The Texas and Pacific Railway Company are now negotiating for the North Louisiana and Texas Road, which runs between Vicksburg and Shreveport. When Colonel Scott has succeeded in getting control of this road, which will be a matter of course, the route will be complete. Ninety miles of this line are still unbuilt, and this little gap will be quickly closed. It will not be contented to abide on land. It has money without stint, and will be able to enforce the direction of commerce, and to control the tide of settlement. The company will put a magnificent line of steamers on the Pacific to ply between San Diego, China, Japan, the Indies, Australia and the Sandwich Islands.

In a biographical sketch of the late Emperor of the French, the San Francisco *Bulletin* of the 9th says

History will probably say of him, that the great mistake of his foreign policy was the fidelity to the essential ideas of his Uncle, its too constant pressure against the self-esteem and the sums of neighboring powers, with a view to regaining for France by diplomacy and occasional wars or other pretexts that dominance in Europe which the first Napoleon boldly sought by direct conquest. His system of personal government, also, while it gave France order and prosperity for a time, was unfavorable to the development of the best manhood, and carried the seeds of its own ultimate downfall.

THE TERRITORIES.

A false alarm of fire at Olympia furnishes a fourth of a column in a local paper.

The Old Folks' concert lately given at Olympia is to be repeated in Seattle, by request of numerous citizens.

It is said that during the month of May last no less than 250,000 bison were killed south of the Kansas Pacific Railroad for their hides alone.

One third in amount of the county tax in Walla Walla for the year 1872, is reported delinquent. Of 1,702 tax payers on the roll, only 794 have paid.

The *Courier* says: Rumor has it that the heir to those pointless millions lying unclaimed in England, is at present one of the "old settlers" of Olympia.

A Methodist Church will soon be erected at Snohomish city, W. T. A building site and a subscription of $320 has already been secured from the citizens of that place.

Dogs are decreasing in number, and sausage in price at Olympia. The first is caused by the enforcement of a city ordinance. The latter is left to the imagination of the reader.

From the *Tribune* we learn that Dr. Rush of Indiana is at Olympia with a view to permanent settlement, having become disgusted with the rigorous climate of his former home.

Three hundred bushels of potatoes were offered at 50 cents per bushel at Olympia on Monday, and the *Courier* thinks they will be worth 90 cents a bushel in less than a month.

Charles Lewis is in prison at Olympia charged with purloining a watch from Mr. Dobrin. He did not find that "time was money," as the old maxim had it, and afterward pawned the watch for five dollars and was caught.

All obstructions on the railroad between Kalama and Olympia have been removed, and trains are now traveling daily on time. No further slides are apprehended, and the traveling public may be reasonably certain of no delay or detention on the route.

Baldwin, one of the flashy livery stable men who victimized several merchants and others at Walla Walla, an account of which was published several days ago, was caught in Idaho and made to "shell out" $1,400 which he had concealed in the lining of his boots. He was on his way eastward.

A private letter, dated Pine Grove, Jan. 2d, has the following: "An occasional shake up continues to be felt in this vicinity; last Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, we were treated to quite a shock of earthquake—so great was the shock that it cracked the crusted snow for nearly a mile in length."

The San Francisco *Alta* says: "If General Crook is left alone, not interfered with by the Government nor its appointed nuisances in the form of and under the name of Agents—he will soon give peace to the people of Arizona, freedom from the raids and murders of the Apache, or send the latter to their fancied happy hunting ground."

P. B. Cornwall of San Francisco, was delighted a few months ago by the receipt of a white deer from a friend at Puget Sound. It was very docile and soon learned to know its master well, and charmed him with its soft, bright eye. And now it has gone and died! Mr. Cornwall's grief is very great. Having loved it in life, he will now stuff it in death.

Hon. Frank Clark is engaged in a compilation of the laws of Washington Territory, with a view of presenting the work for adoption at the next session of the Legislative Assembly, of which he is a member. He intends to bring together and arrange under appropriate heads and titles all the laws of a general nature that have been passed since the organization of the Territory, and which are printed now in sixteen different volumes.

The Ogden *Junction* of December 31st says: On Christmas day there was a singular walking match at Coalville. Conrad Stanly was matched to walk against Isaac Seeley's horse—the best walking horse in town—to Elko, a distance of five miles, for a purse of $50. Stanley beat the horse by seven minutes, taking the lead in the start and maintaining it to the end of the race. Time, 56 minutes. The road was in a miserable condition, snow and slush two inches deep, to say nothing of mud puddles.

The Montana *Independent* of a late date says: "The recent suits brought by the District Attorney for the forfeiture of mining ground purchased and held by Chinamen in this county under the alien law, were all decided in favor of the people. The defendants' attorneys, however, took exceptions to the rulings of the court, and the causes will all be carried to the Supreme Court to test the constitutionality of the law. The Supreme Court meets in January, when the constitutionality of the law will be passed upon, and miners owning lion land will know before the opening of another mining season whether they may safely sell to Chinamen or not."

At a meeting of the members of Dayton, W. T., Encampment of the Champions of the Red Cross, recently held, a resolution was unanimously adopted to the effect that the members recognize in Rev. A. C. McDougall an earnest and able worker in the temperance cause, and a sincere Christian gentleman, that his labors in that community had been productive of much good, and regretting that his stay was so short, as well as pledging him the prayers of the Encampment in whatever field duty should call him to labor. The resolution is signed by W. N. Alley, D. C. Guernsey and R. T. Watson, committee, A. J. Cain, D. C., and H. S. Eldridge, Secretary.

Condition of Scottish Farmers.

The *Edinburgh Farmer*, November 25, says: "Matters are assuming a very serious aspect for agriculturists. Indeed, seldom have the prospects of winter been more dreary. Field work is everywhere behind hand at least two or three weeks, and in some localities more. Roots are rotting on the ground, as the weather will not permit of them being lifted, and the expense in the case of potatoes attending the operation, and of the picking after, will almost outbalance the amount that the sound tubers will realize. Turnips are everywhere deficient, and in too many instances sadly diseased. Somehow or other the abundant grass did not possess to the extent anticipated those fattening properties which usually belong to it, and the bulk of the hay in the rick-yard is diminishing more rapidly than could have been imagined. Cattle have been sent into the market half fat, at a great loss to the owners. There are many cases in which not only the keep of months has had to be sacrificed, but also some hard dry cash in addition. The weather has prevented the threshing of wheat in any quantity, and rendered the samples inferior, consequently it has been imperative to part with it at smaller prices than under better climatical conditions would have obtained. The cattle disease, though not quite so virulent as it was, is still prevailing throughout the whole country to a disastrous extent, and now that Irish cattle are coming freely into the English markets, in all probability we shall have it raging more extensively, unless greater care be exercised in inspection than heretofore has been displayed. There has been a great laxity in dealing with Irish imports, which, so far as foot and mouth disease is concerned, are more dangerous to our flocks and herds than foreign cattle. In the present gloomy circumstances farmers should economize their fodder and roots to the utmost."

By Overland Telegraph.

DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

EASTERN DATES TO JANUARY 16.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan 15.—Senator Morrill, of Maine, introduced a bill to amend the patent and copyright law.

Alcorn introduced a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to compromise all claims of the Government against Southern railroad companies.

Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill to require National banks to restore their capital, when impaired, by assessments on the stockholders within three months after notice by the Comptroller of the Currency, and providing a penalty of fifty dollars, against private bankers using the word "national."

The calendar was then taken up and the following bill passed To confirm title of Gregnon to land at Green Bay, Wisconsin.

Adjourned

The House amendment repealing the 9th section of the army appropriation bill of 1871, relative to interest on Pacific railroad bonds, was adopted.

The House then took up the bill reported by Parker, of Missouri, from the Committee on Territories, for the better protection of Indian tribes and consolidation under civil government the so-called Territory of Oklahoma.

After speeches by Parker and Elaner in favor of the bill, the House adjourned without action.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations will report proposed appropriation for the Vienna Exposition sufficient for the purpose of securing a large display of American productions and paying attending expenses.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—In the Senate on motion of Nye a bill was passed fixing Legislatures and committing the care of penitentiaries to Territorial authorities.

Schurz, from the Foreign Relations Committee, reported the House bill for the representation of the United States at the Vienna exposition, with amendment increasing the appropriation from one hundred to three hundred thousand dollars.

Chandler opposed any appropriation because experience had demonstrated that Americans who participated in such expositions had their inventions appropriated by foreigners.

The Senate passed the amendment appropriating $300,000.

In the House after unimportant business debate was opened on the bill for the admission of Colorado as a State.

Roberts opposed the measure.

Nominations.

The President nominated J. R. Sterling Clerk in the Assay Office at Boise City, Idaho, and Aug. Savage Collector of Internal Revenue for Idaho.

EASTERN STATES.

Purchase of Samana Bay.

NEW YORK, Jan 15.—The purchase of Samana Bay and peninsula was consummated in December. Capital stock is twenty millions dollars A. B. Stockwell is President. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company intend running a regular special steamer between here and Samana Bay next month. The *Tribune* says the bay and peninsula is leased to the Samana Bay Company for 99 years, at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars per year.

Preparation for Suicide.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—When the cell in which Stokes was confined prior to his trial was searched a bottle was found, which, on examination by a chemist, was found to contain a concentrated solution of strychnine.

Matilda Heron Demented.

Matilda Heron, actress, recently arrived from San Francisco, is staying at the Merchants' Hotel. She has been recently suffering from insomnia. While in a fit to-day she became so violent as to render it necessary for her removal to Park Hospital, where she is now under treatment.

Stokes Again.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 —In an interview yesterday one of the prosecuting counsel in the Stokes case, said he thought it would be very difficult to get a stay of proceedings, and that there will be even greater difficulty in the prisoner getting a new trial.

A Scheme of Rapid Transit.

NEW YORK, Jan 16 —It is stated that the preliminaries have been agreed upon for a rapid transit scheme of an extensive character, to be carried out under the auspices of a committee composed of the principals of the railroads centering in this city. At a meeting of the proj

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17

The Markets for Bread

A Minnesota paper discussing the question of a market for the breadstuffs of the Upper Mississippi Valley expresses the opinion that the increase of production exceeds that of demand and that unless something can be done to create a market in Asia the farmers of the Western States will in a few years be practically excluded from this branch of trade by reason of the market being overstocked from those sections of country which having less expense of transportation to bear can supply the demand at lower rates This view is not supported by the history of this branch of commerce Wheat may be lower this year than last or next year than this but the average price one year with another, is higher than formerly Making all proper allowances for the advance in other commodities and for the increased cost in production we think it will still be found that the price of wheat is higher than it was twenty years ago and that the average price is still tending upward In other words the demand increases more rapidly than the supply and wheat growing is consequently a more profitable business than formerly And this state of affairs is not likely to cease The number of people engaged in pursuits other than agricultural—the number that produce nothing from the soil—in proportion to those who are engaged in farming grows yearly larger The tendency of population towards the cities is evidence of this

But suppose the theory suggested to be correct Let it be conceded that the increase of production will outrun that of consumption, and that the markets to which we have been accustomed to carry our breadstuffs will therefore be able to obtain their supplies at such low prices as practically to exclude our western producers The remarkable progress of the Japanese Government and people during the last few years, and the rapid strides that liberal views and policy are making in that country, open up the prospect of a market there which can never be overstocked Make the Japanese and Chinese, the people of Eastern and Southern Asia a bread-eating people, and you open a market to which the surplus bread of the world may be carried These over-crowded populations lie right across from the front door of our western homes No other country can compete with us in supplying them with whatever of our productions they may need Thus it may turn out, and that before many years, that Oregon and California stand in a position to compete on better than equal terms, with all the rest of the United States in the chief breadstuff market of the world.

The Northern Pacific

The announcement that a contract has been let for the grading of three hundred miles of the Western division of the North Pacific Railway, would seem to corroborate the statement of Lieut Cogswell that the company propose to devote their energies mainly to the construction of this end of the road during the coming season They have pushed the Eastern division until the road now reaches within a short distance of the Missouri river, near the mouth of the Yellowstone It is said that, by the construction of a very short piece of road for portage purposes, and by putting steamboats on the upper Missouri, the company will now have communication and means of transportation, by railway and river together, as far west as there is any business, and that the policy of the company is to build the west end now, while the stimulus of the facilities for transportation already furnished to Dakota and Montana shall forward the development and prosperity of those regions, and thus cause the settlements to extend still further westward on that side of the summit of the Rocky Mountains By this means the settlement of the country will keep pace with the construction of the road and there will be some business for every section as soon as it is completed

If the section now let on the western division beg ns, as some suppose, at the mouth of Snake river, where the line of railway coming east first touches the Columbia river, and extends thence easterly three hundred miles, the completion of it will leave only a few hundred miles of staging between Portland and Duluth. The traveler will be able to go from Portland by water and rail to within a comparatively short distance of the navigable waters of the Missouri, whence by boat and car he can reach any point in the Atlantic States. It may be confidently stated that the energy and enterprise of the company will in a very few years connect Oregon and Washington Territory with the great Northern States by a direct line of railway

The Modoc War.

Mr L Applegate, of Ashland, writes a letter to the *Statesman* for the purpose of correcting the Sacramento *Union* in regard to the Modoc war He says that he kept a memorandum of the murders of white people by the Modocs between 1846 and the date of Superintendent Huntington's treaty of 1864, until the number reached ninety six How many there may have been after he stopped keeping tally he does not estimate A satisfactory treaty having been made with them in 1864, they were collected on a reservation and appeared contented They received their annuities till 1869, when a portion of them, under the leadership of Captain Jack became dissatisfied and left the reservation Afterwards a part of those who had been led away by him returned to the reservation voluntarily, but Jack, who, Mr Applegate thinks was tampered with by bad white men, took up his residence at Lost river and demanded a separate reservation, which was refused by the authorities at Washington All the reckless and dissolute Indians naturally gathered around Jack and he grew worse and worse, until during the last summer he became a terror to the settlers round about Hence the endeavor to remove him and his band to the reservation, and the present war which resulted therefrom.

From Mr Applegate's letter it appears that Jack has been a refractory and uncontrollable Indian for a long time, and that the department bore with his insubordination long after his conduct had become such as would have justified vigorous measures

A San Francisco dispatch gives an account of a man found dead and adds that he had long been in the habit of intemperate drinking and it was therefore supposed he had come to his death "by natural causes" Had the man been found to have died from the effects of an overdose of strychnine administered by his own hand nobody would have thought of speaking of his death as produced by "natural causes" The average man sometimes draws very fine distinctions

The Hero of Hawes Tavern Rushes into Print

J S. Giltner, School Director—or rather Board of Directors—is out in the *Bulletin* in a letter in which he tries to defend himself against the damaging charges recently made in relation to his official character His letter was written by some person who can spell the simple words of the English language correctly but its utter intellectual disregard of truth is evidence that it is essentially Giltnerian

The letter is devoted mainly to a futile attempt to shuffle the blame from his own shoulders to those of the Reverend I L Rhoades Superintendent of Schools for the county by accusing the latter of violating the law The charge he makes against Mr Rhoades is in substance that he issued false certificates to the teachers certifying examinations which had never in fact been made But were material to the matters with which Giltner is charged to show his statement to be utterly and shamelessly false that could be readily done but it is not material The certificate is the end of the law to the Directors They cannot lawfully go behind it The Superintendent is not answerable to the Directors for his conduct When Giltner took it upon himself to dispute the Superintendent's certificates of examination he usurped a power that did not belong to him But the truth is and not it leaked out in Giltner's attempted justification of himself, the ground of his assumption that the Superintendent's conduct was illegal is, that instead of having an open oral examination Mr Eliot adopted the far better mode of giving out written questions and requiring written answers It is not the want of an examination but the mode of it, that was deemed wrong There is no law specifying the mode of examination Every Superintendent must determine that for himself and Mr Eliot chose the best method yet known But, forsooth it was illegal, because it was not according to the ideas of this unlettered boor, Giltner, and he therefore sets it aside on his own motion, and demands a re examination of the teachers Such impudence is never found unconnected with the grossest ignorance If Giltner has any excuse for his conduct in this matter, it is that his ignorant self assurance renders him incapable of comprehending his duties when they are plain to every one else

Giltner states that "the OREGONIAN says Mr Eliot does not tell the truth" This every reader of the OREGONIAN will recognize as another falsehood. The OREGONIAN expressly said that those who gave an incorrect version of the facts, upon the alleged authority of Mr Eliot, must have misunderstood him Mr Eliot told us the truth, and our publication of it is what has so enraged Giltner against him

The only other point Giltner touches upon is the charge that he used insulting language to Miss Taylor, one of the teachers in Harrison street school He denies this We did not make the charge till we had investigated the matter thoroughly and knew we were correct We are now authorized by Miss Taylor herself to state that the charge is true and she is ready to substantiate it

The fact is, this man Giltner, has been in the first instance guilty of falsehood, usurpation and grossly indecent conduct, now resorts to other falsehoods to clear himself before the community

In a criticism of Froude's History of Ireland, the San Francisco *Bulletin* says the author "possesses the elements of a great historian, but lacks the essential quality—that of dispassionate judgment He is rather the advocate pleading at the bar than the judge sitting on the bench"

Death of the Ex-Emperor and the Future of France

The death of Louis Napoleon is not calculated to raise the hopes of the Bonapartists in re establishing the Imperial *regime* The rule of the ex-Emperor was essentially a personal one, and there is no remaining member of the Bonapart family to whom the world gives credit of possessing sufficient ability to supply his place The friends of Napoleon will of course rally round his son, now near seventeen years of age, as to whose right to succeed to the government the Emperor caused a plebiscite to be taken a few months before embarking on that, to him fatal campaign against Germany It may also be expected, should untoward events place the Imperialists again in the ascendency, that the story will be repeated that the so called Prince Imperial was a child *de convenance*, adopted by the late Emperor and his wife solely from prudential motives, to strengthen the Napoleonic dynasty Stories and rumors such as this, it may be said, are often nothing more than idle gossip invented solely from unworthy motives, or to pander to the morbid feelings of sensation mongers Such a report was for some time current in Europe, and obtained credence in many circles from the plausible reasonings by which it was sought to be substantiated

The Imperialists at the present time however, are in bad case, and the prospects of any reaction in their behalf have all disappeared with the death of Napoleon A late classification of the members of the French Assembly only assigns twenty avowed Bonapartists out of a total of 750 members, and they do not possess in the country any declared newspaper organ The chief remaining Marshal of the Empire, Bazaine, is not yet certain that his fate will not be similar to that of Marshal Ney, who was shot for treason in the time of the first Napoleon The bourgeoisie, who have been credited as still remaining true to the Empire, because under it there accrued to France an era of general commercial prosperity, must be now assured that their hopes for its restoration are all in vain and that they must look elsewhere for a revival of the nation's monetary prosperity

Whether the demise of Napoleon will help the cause of the Orleanists or the Legitimists remains to be seen His death is not likely to reduce the number of claimants to the throne, as doubtless the ex Empress Eugenie will make a claim on her boy's behalf The Imperialists have never shown any desire for an alliance with either of the two monarchical parties, although their influence, from the smallness of their ranks would have no decided effect anywhere Those who hope for the Republic will expect that recent occurrences will help to more firmly establish it The great banking firms of the country have evinced their faith in the stability of the Republic by their subscriptions to the late loan and the general trading community will doubtless now see that their interests lie in securing the permanent organization of the present form of government

The Orleanists concerning whom so much has been said and written cannot be said to possess much real strength in the Assembly, when they are only credited with having 30 adherents The Legitimist and Ultramontane element has 130 definite supporters with 30 or 40 doubtful ones The recent restoration of confiscated property to the Orleans princes may be regarded more as an act of justice than any positive proof of a desire that the Comte de Paris should occupy the throne of his grandfather Louis Philippe Nor do the prospects appear hopeful for the Legitimists The manifestoes of the Comte de Chambord, about the lines of France have come to be treated with derision if not contempt while his divine right theory has long since been discarded as the foolishness of the past age

It is probable that in France now that the danger of Napoleon's return is removed by his death, we shall hear many eulogiums upon his life how, despite his imperfections he benefited the country by his policy, and especially his internal administration But it may reasonably be hoped that with the closing scenes in the rural mansions at Chiselhurst the plottings and intrigues to overthrow the republic and induce disorder in Paris or elsewhere will terminate that military government in France has forever departed with the death of him who re established it under the third Empire and that henceforth no power but the power and voice of the people as embodied in a representative Assembly, with a corresponding Executive shall control the destinies of the nation—*St Louis Bulletin*

The Paris Press on Louis Napoleon

We find among the dispatches of the 10th instant the following expressions by the different journals of Paris on the occasion of the death of the late Emperor

Marshall MacMahon reports to the President that the army is not affected by the death of Napoleon There are Bonapartists among the officers but no party which supports the Napoleonic dynasty in the army

Legitimist Clerical and Orleanist journals do justice to Napoleon's good qualities and concur in the opinion that the system he inherited was responsible for most of the evils of his government

L Ouvriers appeals to the Orleans Princes to acknowledge the Count de Chambord as the legitimate heir to the throne of France, and thus rally around the center or monarchial forces now strengthened by the death of the ex Emperor

Le Temps says a terrible responsibility weighs on Napoleon's memory He, however, was the victim of traditions and was deficient in moral sense The experience Badinet has gone through with him will preserve her hereafter from political saviours and fatalists

Le Bien Public studies the man psychologically, and says that after gaining his power by conspiracy he continued to govern with a policy of contempt for mankind

L Odre and *Le Pays* put their columns in mourning and declare that the Emperor is dead but the Empire is indestructible

The *Journal Des Debats* is impressed by the end lessness and the character of the dissensions of this man He was the great delusion of the country The mass of the nation was decoyed with him and the awakening was terrible The Empire is now peace—the peace of the tomb

The *Republique Francaise* considers the Bonapartist party dead It reviews what empires have cost France in money, blood shame and disaster Both Emperors were only powerful by force and lies, and by lies they fell The Napoleonic legend has vanished completely The voice of Strasburg and Boulogne was to the nephew what Austerlitz was to the uncle, and the Woolwich cadet is the son of Sedan It is, indeed, finished

The *Constitutionnel* finds the situation in France and Europe in no wise affected by the death of Napoleon III His reign was most fruitful in great results. History will record it as one of the most prosperous, notwithstanding its disastrous close

Gaulois shows a black border and defends the memory of the deceased. It attributes his death more to anguish caused by unmerited disasters, shameful treasons and infamous calumnies, than causes of physical disease

The *Journal Officiel* speaks of the Emperor in terms of respectful sympathy, and hopes his death, by reducing the number of pretenders, will not lessen the country's hope for a calm and orderly future

The *Siecle* pathetically remarks "This death carries all thoughts to Alsace"

The Sultan's Bow and Arrow.

Sultan Mahmoud, the slayer of the janizaries and one of the wisest monarchs who has ever held the scepter of the Prophet, and the first who had ventured upon the work of reform in the Empire, was at that time at the height of his power Strolling through the Almedan one day with a few companions, we became aware that a distinguished party was entering the place First came a squadron of cavalry, which occupied the different avenues leading to it, while a smaller party of richly-dressed slaves, following them, drove away every one but ourselves, telling us we might remain, and, forming in line, drew their sabers They were the eunuchs of the Imperial harem Their ancient lists having been cleared, a target was set up at one end of them, and we learned that the Commander of the Faithful himself was momentarily expected to enjoy his favorite practice of archery, in which he excelled To this one of the ancient customs of the Padishahs, his predecessors, he still adhered A group of Turks, evidently of station and consequence, followed, and then, riding alone on a noble chestnut horse, came Mahmoud himself He dismounted immediately, and, taking a bow and arrows from an attendant, placed himself at a stone which marked the base, and began to fire at the target, at about the distance, I should think, of a hundred yards The Sultan was at that time in full health and strength, and had a considerable share of good looks He was of medium size, with aquiline features, piercing black eyes, and a full board of the same color, which probably owed its glossy look to dyes and cosmetics His dress was a blue cloth tunic, made like a single breasted military frock, with embroidered cuffs and collar, light blue trowsers in the Turkish style, and a star of brilliants on the breast of his coat On his head was a scarlet fez, with an aigret of brilliants in front, holding a straight heron's plume, the imperial ghikar, and by his side hung a gorgeous saber. On dismounting he threw off a capacious scarlet cloak The Commander of the Faithful proved to be a skillful as well as a graceful archer, striking the target with every arrow After about a dozen successful shots the target was removed, and the Sultan began his exercise with the bow for distance, which was marked off by several marble pillars He stepped forward and quickly dispatched about a dozen more arrows firing with great rapidity I should think he sent his shafts at least 250 yards The Sultan then became aware that we were observing him, and graciously sent us the information by an officer that he had, in the last trial, sent an arrow beyond any of those recorded by his predecessors He then mounted his horse and rode off followed by his eunuchs, but the cavalry remained for about an hour engaged in the national exercise of the jereed —*Reel and Saddle*

An Easy Lesson in Physiology

The *Journal of Education* has this comprehensive abstract of the human system

Suppose your age to be fifteen, or there abouts, you have 100 bones and 500 muscles your blood weighs 25 pounds, your heart is 5 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter, it beats 70 times per minute, 1 200 times per hour, 100 800 times per day, and 36 722 200 times per year At each beat, a little over 2 ounces of blood is thrown out of it, and each day it receives and discharges about 7 tons of that wonderful fluid Your lungs will contain a gallon of air, and you inhale 24,000 gallons per day The aggregate surface of the air cells of your lungs supposing them to spread out, exceeds 20,000 square inches The weight of your brain is 3 pounds, when you are a man it will weigh about 8 ounces more Your nerves exceed 10 000 000 in number Your skin is composed of 3 layers, and varies from one fourth to one eighth of an inch in thickness The area of your skin is about 1,700 square inches Each square inch obtains 2 500 sweating tubes or perspiration pores, each of which may be likened to a little drain tile, one fourth of an inch long making an aggregate length of the entire surface of your body of 201,166 feet or a tile ditch for draining the body almost forty miles long

In regard to the prospects of the wheat crop of California for this year the San Francisco *Bulletin* says

We have already had rain enough to fairly indicate the character of the winter season We know at least that it will not be a dry one Farmers generally are so certain of this that they are making preparations for larger operations than ever before The gradual advance in the price of wheat and the prospect that the market will stiffen still further, gives additional stimulus to agriculture So far as we know there is not a district in the State suffering from any lack of moisture Enough rain has fallen to prepare the stiffest adobe land for the plow, and upon light soils the grain is already up and has attained a good stand The hills are green, and unless heavy frosts now set in the pastures in a few days will afford abundant food for stock

There are sanguine men who predict that the next wheat crop in this State will reach 40,000,000 bushels This estimate amounts to no more than a guess based on the probability that the area sown to wheat this year will be greater by nearly twenty five per cent than last year

SUPREME COURT.

WEDNESDAY Jan 15 1873

A P Ankeny appellant vs Multnomah county, respondent Argument opened, concluded and submitted

W W Chapman, appellant vs J H Wilbur respondent J H Reed counsel for appellant Gibbs and Caples for respondent The argument was opened, pending which the court adjourned until 2 o'clock Friday

AT HOME!

QUINN THE PIONEER FISH AND GAME DEALER Just published at his Old Stand UNION FISH MARKET

Washington st, bet. First and Second,

Is in receipt per express from the river this morning of a fine lot of

FISH OYSTERS GAME and POULTRY

Always on Hand at Lowest Rates

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY and PURCHASERS DELIVERED FREE TO CUSTOMERS

ON MARRIAGE

Happy relief for young men from the effects of errors and abuses in early life Manhood Restored Nervous debility cured Impediments to marriage removed New method of treatment New and remarkable remedies Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes

Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No 2 South Ninth street Philadelphia Pa. n27daw2m

TERRIBLE TO WEAK LUNGS is this Inclement season Are you hoarse—tormented with a cold—convulsed with a hard cough—annoyed with a sore throat—troubled with difficulty of breathing? If so use at once Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry the great National sovereign remedy for all such complaints Crittenton's 6th Avenue Sold by all Druggists

PISO'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute

NEW TO-DAY.

Money to Loan!

$1,500 LEGAL TENDERS, ON LONG time, Real Security

$1 000 GOLD COIN, one year, Real or Personal Security

$1 000 GOLD COIN six months Real Security. Apply to PERRY WOODWARD & CO Real Estate and Money Brokers, 64 FRONT St.

For Sale,

A DRUG, GROCERY AND VARIETY STORE, in a thriving country town and in a good location for business No competition Terms easy For further particulars apply at

jl7d2w1w THIS OFFICE

Lost.

A POINTER DOG, SIX MONTHS OLD, WHITE and liver colored, and answers to the name of "Spot" A liberal reward will be paid on his return to SHURRICK NORRIS, Cor Alder and Fifth Sts

jl7d3t

Lost.

A CERTAIN NOTE GIVEN BY H SCHERLAND, dated Nov 6 1872, for the sum of forty-two dollars, drawn payable to the undersigned or his order All persons are hereby notified that the amount of said Note has been paid to me by H Scherland Any person finding said Note will confer a favor by returning the same to Mr H Scherland

Jan 10, 1873 PATRICK HOLLAND

$20 DENTISTRY REDUCED! $20

At my Residence and Office on MAIN St,

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BET FOURTH and FIFTH,

IN ORDER, THAT EVERYBODY MAY ENJOY THE comfort and pleasure arising from a PERFECT ADJUSTED SET OF TEETH, the following prices will be maintained *An Entire Set of Upper Teeth,* $20; *Partial Set of Teeth* $12½ *Extraction of Teeth,* 50c

REFERENCES—Patrons J W DODGE

jl7d3m

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

PORTLAND Jan 4 1873.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm name of DeLashmutt, Oatman & Co, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Wm Masters retiring from the firm The business will be carried on as usual by DeLashmutt & Oatman at the old stand

VAN B DeLASHMUTT,
WM MASTERS
H B OATMAN

jl7d1w

Special Sale

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

I WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES, AT THE RESIDENCE of Mrs W H Wood, on Morrison street, between Eighth and Ninth streets,

This Day,

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17 1873,

At 11 o'clock, A M,

Parlor,
Dining Room,
Bed Room and
Kitchen Furniture.

A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

G. NEIMEYER,

Fashionable Tailor!

THIRD STREET,

BET MORRISON and TAYLOR

ALL GOODS IMPORTED DIRECT FROM EUROPE.

Suits Cut According to Latest Fashions.

EXAMINE THE STOCK

FOUR SPLENDID CHROMOS.

The Pacific Christian Advocate!

AND

CHRISTIAN AT WORK AND ECLECTIC WEEKLY,

With the Chromos,

"CARLO IN MISCHIEF" "GOOD MORNING"
"SPRING FLOWERS" and "SUMMER FLOWERS"

Will be sent to every person who sends $3 50.

No Delay in Delivery!

ALL EASTERN JOURNALS ARE OFFERING PREMIUMS The ADVOCATE is not behind to the times.

RELIGIOUS NEWS,

GENERAL INFORMATION and the

RELIABLE COMMERCIAL REPORT,

MAKE IT

SECOND TO NO PAPER ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

A Circulation the largest among the substantial people of Oregon and Washington Territory make it the

Best Advertising Medium!

Call at the office or remit by mail

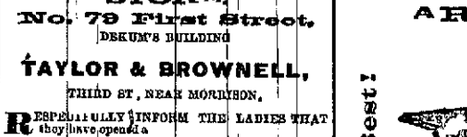
Jan1ds&w1m E TURNER Business Manager

B.L.Stone 111 First st

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT! FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!

THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES

WILL PRESERVE IT



IF YOU VALUE YOUR EYESIGHT USE THESE

PERFECT LENSES,

GROUND FROM MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES Melted together and doris their name Diamond on account of their Hardness and Brilliancy They will last many years without change and are warranted superior to all others in use Manufactured by the

SPENCER OPTICAL MANUFACTURING CO.,

NEW YORK

Caution—None Genuine unless stamped with our trade mark Sold by responsible Agents throughout the Union

B L. STONE,

Jeweler and Optician,

Is Sole Agent for Portland Oregon from whom they can only be obtained No Peddlers employed ad&wly

111 First Street—B L. Stone

WATCH REPAIRING DONE WITH PROMPTNESS and Cheapness at B L Stone's.

Amusements.

ORO FINO THEATER

LESSEE AND MANAGER G B WALDRON

FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 17TH

BENEFIT OF

J. H. VINSON.

Will be produced the great Moral Drama in Six Acts, entitled

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

ELIZA MISS KATE DENIN
GEORGE G B WALDRON
UNCLE TOM J H VINSON

SATURDAY EVENING JAN. 18TH,

School.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND!

The German Benevolent Society

Will hold a

GRAND FESTIVAL

On Feb. 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th.

AT MASONIC HALL

Among the features of the enterprise will be

A BAZAR AND LOTTERY!

The Festivities will conclude with

A Grand Ball!

On the last evening

ALL THE MONEY WHICH REMAINS AFTER the payment of expenses will be devoted to the construction of

A GERMAN HOSPITAL IN THIS CITY.

The aid of the citizens of Portland is respectfully solicited Donations in articles for disposal at the Festival will be gratefully received and may be left with J C Moses brother cornice Morrison and Front Sts, Frank Dekum Fifth St A Meier & Co Front St, and office of German paper

THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS

Ja 9td

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BALL!

TO

Simon Schmeer.

A SUFFERER BY THE LATE FIRE,

Wednesday Evening Jan. 29, 1873.

TICKETS $1 00

CARDINELL'S

Dancing Academy!

ASH STREET BET. FRONT & FIRST

ROOM FOR MORE SCHOLARS

PROF O S FOWLER, OF NEW YORK AND BOSton, will lecture on PHRENOLOGY and HUMAN SCIENCE, through Oregon this winter Courses of Lectures can be secured by addressing him at San Francisco California. n6da3m

Fire Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

UNION

Insurance Company

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The California Lloyds,

ESTABLISHED IN 1861.

NOS 416 AND 418 CALIFORNIA ST.

Cash Capital $750,000 gold

Assets Exceed $1,000,000 coin

FAIR RATES,
PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES,
SOLID SECURITY

HENRY FAILING,

Resident Director at Portland, Oregon.

EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS,

General Agent

PORTLAND IN FLAMES!

FIREMAN'S FUND INS. CO.

OF SAN FRANCISCO

ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY SETTLED!

GEO F. GRANT, Manager,

OREGON BRANCH

OFFICE—No 5, Stark Street.

d23dlm

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Capital $1.000.000

JOHN H REDINGTON, ... President
GEO H HOWARD, ... Vice President.
CHAS. E STORY, ... Secretary.
N B EDDY, ... Marine Secretary.
H. H. HIGELOW, ... General Manager.

DIRECTORS:

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND P Wasserman, C H Lewis, D Goldsmith, D Maclaey, Lloyd Brooke
SALEM L F Grover
ALBANY J A Crawford.
DALLES D M French
LEWISTON J Loewenberg.

HAMILTON BOYD.

Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory

ESCAPED!

The Carpet Emporium of

WALTER BROS.,

HAS BEEN SAVED!

CALL IN AND SEE THEIR IMMENSE STOCK OF

CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS,
PAPER-HANGINGS,
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

And the patterns in

TABLE-CLOTHS.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

OFFICE OF

ST. HELENS MILL COMPANY,

ON FRONT, bet. VANBILL & TAYLOR.

At Tuthill's Agricultural Implement Depot,

ORDERS RECEIVED AND PROMPTLY FILLED

OUR YARDS AT FOOT OF MORRISON AND AT the corner of Sixth and Alder will in a few days be again well supplied with all kinds of

Dressed and Undressed Lumber

E. M. BURTON,

ARCHITECT,

ROOM No. 17,

DEKUM'S BUILDING

Lost!

DURING THE LATE FIRE, AN ANEROID BAROMETER Any person returning the same to the post order will be amply paid for their trouble

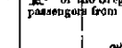
jan15d3t O H WOODWARD & CO

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship



ORIENTAL

FRANCIS CONNER, Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of I Street for the above port

WEDNESDAY, JAN 18th, 1873

At 4 o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front Streets

GEO W WEIDLER Agent,

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia and Victoria.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HAYES, Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street for the above ports

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25th, 1873.

At 4 o'clock P M

Foreign cargo must be cleared by shipper before 12 o'clock on sailing day

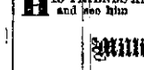
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street

GEO W WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.

Carrying the United States Mail

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller



GEO. S. WRIGHT,

T J AINSLEY Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1873,

At — o'clock P M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets

GEO W WEIDLER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Office of Oregon Steamship Company,

Portland, July 11, 1872

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THE STEAMERS of the Oregon Steamship Company will carry no passengers from Astoria to Portland

GEO W WEIDLER, Agent

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC

BOOT & SHOE STORE

GEO. A. PEASE,

Successor to

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,

S W CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

HERE WE ARE,

E. Cahalin & Co.,

Have opened what

BOOTS AND SHOES

They saved from the fire in the

Theater Building,

AND

MORE TO BE ADDED.

SELLING AT COST FOR CASH!

H. STUTZEL,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER!

Will be found on

96 Stark, bet. First and Second streets.

HIS FRIENDS AND PUBLIC WILL PLEASE CALL and see him

Millinery Goods.

P. VAN FRIDACH,

FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS

STORE,

No. 79 First Street,

DEKUM'S BUILDING

TAYLOR & BROWNELL,

THIRD ST, NEAR MORRISON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE LADIES THAT they have opened a

NEW STOCK OF DRESS GOODS!

We are selling

Thomson's Glove-Fitting Corsets

At $1 75 per Pair.

A large lot of KID GLOVES, slightly damaged at $87½c.

Ottoman-striped Shawls and Scarfs AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

SAVE MONEY by calling on

TAYLOR & BROWNELL.

HARMAN

Does not say he

WILL GIVE HIS GOODS AWAY!

But is bound

To Get Rid of Them

AT THE

SMALLEST ADVANCE ABOVE COST

His place is on the

Cor. Washington & Front.

SEE HIS SIGN.

C. J. GRAHAM,

The Pioneer Barber!

Has opened

ON MORRISON STREET,

ONE DOOR WEST OF FIRST.

OLD CUSTOMERS AND NEW ONES WILL BE at home at his place

ORDERS FOR MUSIC & PROMPTING

WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

D GOLDSMITH J LOEWENBERG

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

(*Successors to FREIDMAN & CO.*,)

32 & 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co's Block,

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES. METALS.

AND

TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY FOR

TILTON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES.

Notice.

I WILL BE AT THE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL PORTland on Monday the 20th inst, prepared to receipt for taxes of those who own property in Washington county Oregon and live in Portland

CHARLES T TOZIER,
Sheriff and Tax Collector

jan13dlw Washington Co., Oregon

NOTICE TO SHIP MASTERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISH TO INFORM SHIP masters merchants and the public generally, that Mr Charles McMurday is in no manner whatever connected with the firm of Mountain, Stephenson & Co stevedores.

THOMAS MOUNTAIN
JAS F STEPHENSON

Auction and Commission

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

Regular Sales at 10 o'clock A M

Private Sales at any hour

Aug26 A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

At Private Sale,

Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS To parties declining Housekeeping I will mention that I will Purchase Second Hand Furniture

A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

FURNITURE,

GROCERIES,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE &C.

I WILL SELL AT MY AUCTION ROOMS ON

SATURDAY, JAN. 18, 1873,

At 10 o'clock, A. M

Furniture.

One Elegant Walnut Bedroom Set,

VIZ:

1 Elegant WALNUT BUREAU marble top
1 Elegant WALNUT WASHSTAND, marble top
1 Elegant WALNUT COMMODE, marble top,
1 Elegant WALNUT BEDSTEAD
1 Elegant WALNUT WARDROBE,

ALSO

SPRING and HAIR MATTRASSES
Fine FEATHER PILLOWS BOLSTERS,
BEDSTEADS SHEETS and PILLOW SLIPS.

ALSO

DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE;

ALSO

Groceries:

34 kegs Waipa J No 2 SUGAR,
25 kegs Waipa J No 1 SUGAR

ALSO:

100 bxs German C O SOAP,
125 cases Assorted PIE FRUIT,
100 cases PEPPER SAUCE

ALSO

10 cases TOBACCO,
25 cases PIPES

ALSO

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes,

A. B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Security Against Thieves.

HALL'S PATENT CONCRETE

Fire Proof Safes!

PROVED THE SUREST PROTECTION

For Books and Valuables

Fires at Chicago and Boston!

OUR MANUFACTORY ESTABLISHED TWENTY YEARS AGO, in the

The Largest and Most Complete

IN THE UNITED STATES

KEEPING LARGE STOCKS OF SAFES AT

OUR BRANCH HOUSES

In all the large Cities of the Union so

Can Furnish the Best Protection

AT LOWER PRICES

Than the small and local Establishments are able to

THE SALE OF HALL'S SAFES

IN CALIFORNIA within five months amounted to over

$228,000.

Hall's Patent

DOVE TAILED, BURGLAR PROOF

SAFES!

Vault Fronts,

LININGS, BANK LOCKS, &C.

ON HAND and

Made to Order!

CATALOGUES, CIRCULARS, PRICE LISTS, &c, Sent on Application

Address, HALL'S SAFE AND LOCK CO, San Francisco, Cal.

Manufactory, Cincinnati, Ohio

ARISEN!

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE

HOME SHUTTLE IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE,

Gray's Music Store.

GEO. W TRAVER, Gen'l Agent.

I MEAN IT!

H. Sinsheimer.

FIRST, BET. TAYLOR AND SALMON

Is Selling

AT COST!

His entire Stock of New and Second Hand

Pianos,
Organs, and
Musical Goods.

THIS IS THE LAST CHANCE!

Repairing & Tuning!

DONE PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY.

C. S. SILVERS,

No. 136 First street,

HAS RECEIVED, PER LAST STEAMER A GENeral assortment of merchandise, consisting in part of

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCA,

EMPRESS CLOTH,
PLAIN and TWILLED RED FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,
FAMILY BLANKETS, RED COMFORTS,
etc., etc

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Also a good assortment of
BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS,
MEN'S and BOYS CLOTHING and
UNDERWEAR, etc. etc.

All of which will be sold

Cheap for Cash.

Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

GOLD,
VELVET,
SATIN
AND OTHER
WALL PAPERS
Window Shades,

Etc, Etc —for sale by

GEORGE L. STORY

45 Front Street.

6,000 lbs. Fire Clay,

15,000 FIRE BRICKS.

JUST RECEIVED, EX BARK "LOCH DEE" For sale in lots to suit, by

KERRUISH & BECK.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

uction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
UCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
AL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL
CHANDISE AND HORSES

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Elegant Walnut Bedroom Set,
VIZ:
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Elegant WALNUT WASHSTAND, marble top,
Elegant WALNUT COMMODE, marble top,
Elegant WALNUT BEDSTEAD,
Elegant WALNUT WARDROBE,
ALSO:
RING and HAIR MATTRASSES,
ne FEATHER PILLOWS, BLANKETS,
DSPREADS, SHEETS and PILLOW SLIPS,
ALSO:
NING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE;
ALSO:
Groceries:
kegs Waipa J No. 2 SUGAR,
kegs Waipa J No. 1 SUGAR.
ALSO:
6 bxs German C. C. SOAP,
5 cases Assorted PIE FRUIT,
5 cases PEPPER SAUCE.
ALSO:
cases TOBACCO,
cases PIPES.
ALSO:
ry Goods, Boots & Shoes.
A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

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HALL'S PATENT CONCRETE
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PROVED THE SUREST PROTECTION
For Books and Valuables in the
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R MANUFACTORY, ESTABLISHED TWEN-
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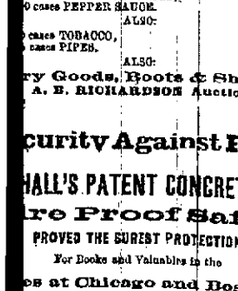
Largest and Most Complete
IN THE UNITED STATES.
KEEPING LARGE STOCKS OF SAFES AT
UR BRANCH HOUSES
In all the large Cities of the Union we
Furnish the Best Protection
AT LOWER PRICES
he small and local Establishments are able to offer.
HE SALE OF HALL'S SAFES
LIFORNIA within five months amounted to over
$28,000.
Hall's Patent
E TAILED, BURGLAR PROOF
SAFES!
Vault Fronts,
INGS, BANK LOCKS, &C.
ON HAND and
Made to Order!
OGUES, CIRCULARS, PRICE LISTS, &C.,
Sent on Application.
HALL'S SAFE AND LOCK CO.,
San Francisco, Cal.
factory, Cincinnati, Ohio. jan1d&w3m

ARISEN!



Talks to the Professors.

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE
HUTTLE IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE,
Gray's Music Store.
GEO. W. TRAVERS, Gen'l Agent.

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. Sinsheimer.
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Is Selling
AT COST!
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Cheap for Cash.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

LD,
VER-VET,
SATIN
AND OTHER
A.I.T. PAPER,
Window Shades,
Etc., Etc.—for sale by
ORGE L. STORY
45 Front Street.

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15,000 FIRE BRICKS.
CEIVED, EX BARK "LOCH DEE."
sale in lots to suit, by
EVERDING & BEERS.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1873.

CITY.

THE NEW WAREHOUSE.—The new warehouse, the frame for which is being raised, below the eastside wharf, will be when finished, the largest building of the kind in the State, without an exception. The building is being constructed by the Dock and Warehouse Company of this city. Its entire length is 310 feet, and width 80 feet. The building will be two storyles high. A track will extend through the center of the warehouse on the first floor the whole length. Freight can thus be received or discharged from the cars with ease and expedition. Along on the upper side of the building between the wall and perpendicular embankment, a side track will be constructed. This track will be built up on a strong frame, as high as the second floor. When grain or heavy freight of any description is to be received, the cars will be backed up along the side track and the load can be conveniently transferred with but little labor. On the river side a platform twelve feet wide, and running the whole length of the warehouse, will be laid. This is to wheel the freight out on, before placing it on board vessels or steamers. Vessels will come along side the dock, and freight can be sent aboard on chutes extending from the hold to the warehouse above. No railroad track will be laid along the river side of the building. A number of carpenters are engaged in preparing the timbers and raising the frame. Work is being crowded ahead as rapidly as the weather will permit and the lumber necessary to be worked can be landed on the site. Mr. McKay has the contract for the construction of this mammoth building. He expects to be able to complete the structure in about six weeks from date, if his force of men are kept constantly supplied with lumber. At least 500,000 feet will be required to finish the warehouse. The cost of the building will not fall short of $20,000.

SLIDES.—The character of the soil is such along the cut at the east side where the present large and commodious wharf and warehouse stands, that there is but little danger of any considerable land slides occurring. There is at that point, a predominance of gravel intermixed with sufficient adhesive clay, to render the embankment almost as impervious to the action of the elements as if the whole perpendicular surface was constructed of artificial masonry or was a natural stone wall. A strata of soil—black and loose—however, extends along between the surface and the top of the clay and gravel bed. This is of a nature to be affected by the heavy rains which annually descend. The late rains which have recently visited the country have produced some observable effects on the cut alluded to. The soil at the top, thoroughly saturated with water, has in several places precipitated itself on the level below. The side track nearest the embankment has been buried in a number of places, and the switches so encumbered as to be useless. In the matter of land slides, the Oregon and California Railroad Company have reason to consider themselves fortunate. There has been but one slide of any magnitude the last year—one at Rice Hill—while the small slides at the east side wharf are of trivial moment. Two days work with a gang of men, will suffice to remove every vestige of the present obstruction.

TROUT POND.—We learn that Mr. H.D. Green, of the Portland Water and Gas Works, has made arrangements to have a trout pond constructed on a piece of land owned by that gentleman, near the western suburbs of the city. The dimensions of the pond are not yet known. It is the present intention, we believe, to cause work to be commenced at once on the proposed innovation. This will be the first artificial trout pond we have yet heard of in the State. When completed, the water will be supplied from the reservoir, or spring from the adjacent hills, and the pond will be plentifully stocked with the genuine mountain beauties. If the projector has a delicate palate, he can indulge his epicurean propensities to an extent unlimited, on these dainty fish. When the long summer days come and fish feel like nibbling, boys have an irresistible disposition to play truant and angle. We should not be surprised if the proprietor will find it necessary to employ several watchmen to extend their ceaseless vigils over the piscatorial denizens. Everybody has a penchant for trout, and the people here are no exception to the rule.

WELL PLEASED.—A gentleman named Starbuck came to this city from Ohio some time ago. He came alone for the purpose of looking at the country, having left his family in the States. He liked the country he was to return to Ohio for his family or else send for them. During the time of his sojourn here, he has traveled quite extensively over the State, making such observations of the country as was desirable. We are informed that Mr. Starbuck is very favorably impressed with this State; and that he proposes to return to his old home in a few weeks, not only to bring hither his own family, but as many others as he can induce to accompany him. Since his stay here he has written to numerous parties in Ohio about his impressions of the State, its resources, etc. From their responses he is confident that he can induce from fifteen to twenty families to return to this State and permanently settle here.

A PEDAGOGUE OUTWITTED.—On Friday last, two young men of the city of Milwaukie took it into their heads to come to this city on the evening train, and wishing the school master to accompany them, they went to the school house to get him to come with them, but said nothing till school was closed. Now it so happened that there was to be a singing school on that evening, and the gallant young master thought, of course, that the young men had come to get the consent of certain young ladies to accompany them to singing school; so to get ahead of them he went and secured one of the young ladies for the evening. But on finding out what the young men wanted he changed his mind, but it was too late—he had to stay and go to singing school. A little covetous it seems, but he'll know better next time.

COULDN'T ANSWER.—We are in receipt of a note which proposes the conundrum: "What is the matter with the street lamps on some of the back streets, that they do not afford more light?" We give the question up, as the subject of light is a difficult theory to fully master and thoroughly comprehend. Before we are capable of answering the question intelligently, we should be compelled to call for more light in our own case. Under all the circumstances, we deem it proper for the question to be satisfactorily settled between the public and the one who has the contract of furnishing the light. If there is culpable negligence, or careless oversight, the matter can be investigated and whatever deficiency exists can be remedied. Clearly, somebody is in the dark.

"FIAT JUSTITIA.—Last an item in regard to the arrest and discharge of Mr. Joseph Reilly, as published by us yesterday, should convey the impression that that gentleman had rendered himself obnoxious to a charge of criminality; we deem it but justice to Mr. Reilly to state that the act by him upon which the charge was made, was performed in the discharge of his duties as Constable and under the advice of as upright and conscientious an attorney as can be found anywhere, and that Reilly did nothing but what any officer of the law would have done under the circumstances, and was exonerated from any criminal intention as soon as the matter was properly explained to the Court which issued the warrant upon which the arrest was made.

HEROIC DRUMSTICKS.—Both the morning papers in their accounts of the presentation of a pair of drum-sticks to Mr. R. R. Anderson, at the Pro Pino Theater on last Tuesday night, contain material mistakes. The drum-sticks were presented by Mr. J. H. Vinson in behalf of Mr. Charles Dexter. Instead of being used at the time of Gen. Jackson, these sticks were used in the Seminole war in Florida in 1835, when Zachary Taylor was Colonel of the Fifth U. S. Infantry. Mr. Dexter, then a mere boy, was drummer in the Fifth U.S. Infantry Band during that campaign and used these same sticks. They are made of black ebony and silver mounted. These sticks are nearly forty years old and have quite an historic value.

PETRIFIED TOOTH.—We were shown a large fossilized tooth yesterday at the cabinet of Messrs. Rafferty Bros., at East Portland. The tooth was discovered a few days since in the vicinity of Champoeg, Marion county. It is about 7 inches long and 3 in width. At the first glance it might be mistaken for a piece of stone, but on close inspection the courses of the roots, which are twisted and blended together, can be readily traced out, and the enamel on the upper end of the molar easily detected. It is supposed to belong to an extinct mastodon.

WHEAT.—The steamer *Vancouver* brought over Yesterday 112 sacks of wheat, which was landed at the O. S. N. Co.'s wharf. This grain will be placed on board the *Whittington*, now loading for the United Kingdom.

OLD FASHIONED PARTIES.—It seems as though an effort is being made to revive the old fashioned sociable party gatherings, which are still fresh in the memories of those who were young a quarter of a century ago. We learn that the young people of Hillsboro and vicinity, held an old fashioned corn popping and candy pulling party a few evenings since. The party was largely attended by the young people, and several who were not so young. As a correspondent expresses it, "a huge time" was experienced all round. The first party has met with such public favor, that several others are contemplated soon. Verily we are going back socially: modern conventionalities must look out for its vagaries.

TEMPERANCE LECTURES.—Levi Leland, the "Hermit of Oregon City," gave the last of the three lectures which he was to deliver in this city, at the Court House, on Wednesday evening. The attendance at the first lecture was quite large, and a decided increase each succeeding evening was observable. Those who attended inform us that the lectures were eloquent and logical, with enough of the pathetic and humorous blended, to render the address both pleasing and instructive to the audience. Mr. Leland delivered a lecture at the Odd Fellows' Hall, in East Portland last evening on the subject of Temperance. This evening he will lecture at Gervais, and to morrow at Woodburn.

THE TURN VEREIN MASQUERADE.—Messrs. Pilkman, Stuender and Muller, the committee from the Turn Verein, who were to examine into arrangements for the getting up of a grand masquerade, not having completed their labors, failed to present a full report before the meeting of the Society last evening. At the next meeting of the Society, two weeks hence, definite arrangements will be made known. The masquerade will take place as soon after the report of the committee is furnished as possible. Either the Masonic Hall or the Skating Rink will be selected for the occasion.

THE SHIP CONSTANTINE.—From a San Francisco paper of the 11th we glean the following relative to the sale of this steamer, which made several trips between this city and San Francisco in 1871: "Goodall, Nelson & Perkins have purchased the steamer *Constantine*, and will put her on the trade between this city, Santa Barbara and way ports, and run her in connection with the *Kalorama*, thereby increasing the service on this route to a weekly one. The *Constantine* is of 492 tons burden. The price paid was $45,000."

EXPECTED TO ARRIVE.—The bark *Wolfoot*, from San Francisco, will be due at this port in a few days. On board that vessel is the shell boiler which will be used on the steamer *Annie Stewart*. There is nothing more than the mere shell of the boiler; the tubes being all here. Immediately on the arrival of the boiler, it will be sent to one of the foundries, and the tubes placed in. Within two weeks after the bark arrives here, the boiler will be in a proper condition to generate the "motive power."

DONATION PARTY.—By request of many friends, it has been determined that all who are friendly toward Mrs. A. J. Dunlway and the cause in which she is laboring, to meet at her residence on E street, between Sixth and Seventh, on Friday evening, January 24th, for the purpose of donating in money and such other articles as each may feel disposed to give. The ladies are requested to provide refreshments for the occasion, that all may have a good time generally.

COLLECTION OF STUFFED BIRDS.—Mr. O. B. Johnson, of East Portland, has a very handsome collection of Oregon birds, stuffed. He has not been engaged long in collecting these specimens, and now his collections numbers about forty species peculiar to this State. The specimens include, ducks, snipe, and other aquatic birds, quails, pheasants and several members of the woodpecker family, wren, humming bird, lark, robin, jay bird, etc., etc.

CLEARING OFF.—When the water of the river receded from that portion of Flanders' wharf, which was inundated last week, large quantities of sand and earth was left behind. These deposits proved a serious inconvenience to the passage of loaded trucks and drays, and the rapid and easy discharge of the cargo from the unloading vessel at the wharf. Several men were engaged yesterday in clearing away the earth.

DISCHARGED.—A charge was preferred two days ago against a Mrs. Elverson of this city, accusing her of the crime of bigamy. An examination of the case took place on Wednesday before Justice E. W. Ryan. The case was taken under advisement until yesterday morning at 10 o'clock when the court discharged the defendant, there not appearing in evidence against her, anything more reliable than mere hearsay testimony.

PRESCRIBED.—A work entitled "The Agreement of Science and Revelation," was issued some months ago from the press at Philadelphia. The author is the Rev. Dr. Wythe, formerly pastor of the Taylor street M. E. Church in this city. It is stated that the new work has been placed among the books to be read in the course of study prescribed for candidates for the ministry in the M. E. Church.

WIND BOUND.—Yesterday, when the *Josie McNear* left Astoria, the *Gussie Telfair*, ship *Victoria Nyanza* and schooner *Oregonian*, were all lying at that port weather bound. Nothing was seen of the *Oriflamme* by the steamer as she came up; but unless the bar becomes more smooth, even that vessel will not be able to pass out to sea.

FAILED.—The steamer *Gussie Telfair* left Astoria on Wednesday afternoon to pass out to sea. The bar was so exceedingly rough that the attempt to cross was deemed hazardous and abandoned. The steamer returned to the wharf, and had not made a second attempt to cross when the *Josie McNear* left Astoria yesterday morning.

INSANE CHILD.—Sheriff Poindexter, of Lane county, arrived last evening, having in charge a little girl aged about ten years, who has been adjudged insane by the proper authorities. She was placed in the asylum, soon after her arrival. We were unable to ascertain the cause of insanity or the name of the unfortunate victim.

HULL PLANKING.—The hull of the new steamer, on the ways above Smith's saw mill, is being planked as rapidly as possible, the present weather. Mr. Paquet, the contractor expects to have the hull all enclosed by the last of the present week. painting will follow at once, and soon after the launching.

COMPELLED TO ANCHOR.—The *Josie McNear* did not reach her wharf last night until after 9 o'clock. The fog was so dense down the river below the mouth that the steamer was compelled to anchor for an hour. The dense clouds of fog rendered navigation hazardous.

TO BE BANQUETED.—The Turn Verein will tender the officers and crew of the German bark *Felix Mendelsohn* a banquet on some evening during their stay in port. This vessel is the first to arrive here under the new flag of the United German Empire.

CONNECTED.—The apron which connects Second street with J, in East Portland, is completed, so that wagons, drays etc., can pass from one street to the other without difficulty and drive down to the eastside depot.

TO COMPLETE WITH IRON.—The bark *Rival* is now at Astoria. She took on a quantity of fish at several points down the river, and will complete cargo with railroad iron at Astoria. A deck load will be taken.

CONTINUED.—The case of the State vs Ed. Kennedy and McGee, charged with having interfered with an officer in the discharge of his duties, was continued until this morning.

SHEEP.—The steamer *Fannie Troup* took away yesterday afternoon 300 head of sheep. These animals will be sent to Olympia via Northern Pacific Railroad.

ON THE WAY.—The barkentine *Welfoot*, Gage, Master, sailed from San Francisco for this port on the 11th inst.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Sam'l Colver is in this city, and will probably lecture on the Modoc War, at the Court House on Saturday evening.

GLORIOUS NEWS! GLORIOUS NEWS!—The popular and largest Clothing House in the State escaped the great fire, and will therefore sell for the next sixty days their goods at such low rates as to give all a chance to invest, rich or poor. Call and satisfy yourself, as we mean what we say above, and no humbug about it.

J. KOHN & CO.,
91, Front St., Portland

RAILROAD IN PERU.—We are in receipt of a letter from Col. Edward A. Flint, formerly of the North Pacific Railroad, from which the following extracts are made. The letter bears date of Arequipa, November 24th, 1872:

Messrs. Fuller & White, formerly of the N. P. R. R., arrived at Finta on the 11th inst., on the same day that I arrived with my office there from Cuzco. I left in the following day for this place, so I didn't see much of them. They had met Mr. Thorndike (Engineer-in Chief), in Lima, and he had sent them down to me. Their other two companions, Russell and somebody else, had got employment at $120 per month to watch a laundry that the natives thought had better be burned. I believe they stopped into it on the first day of their arrival. I have been doing a good deal of travel in the saddle since I wrote you last, and shall probably have a resting spell now. I am waiting for the Congress to pass some measures to supply Mr. Meiggs with money for carrying on his railroads. For the last three months, he has been doing it at his own expense, and he don't propose doing it after January 1st, 1873. If they don't do something we shall suspend work; but I don't think such will be the case.

I am not sanguine about Peru. There is too much of a revolutionary fever among the people, and I shouldn't be surprised if it should break out before another year passed. The last Government under Balta, was a strong military power that ruled with a rod of iron, and distributed money freely. This President Pardo was the almost unanimous choice of the country, and his election seemed to promise quiet and prosperity for the next four years. But on his taking the office he found much confusion in the Treasury, and recommended economy, retrenchment and reform, and acted at once on his own advice by reducing expenses in everyway. This, of course, was contrary to the desire of every one who was turned out of office, and was thus deprived of a "soft thing"—no work and a good salary.

The result is that in this part of the country the people are already beginning to talk about revolution, and the only chance for Pardo is to change his tactics, increase his army, and force the people to keep quiet.

The chance of revolution seem so good that I cannot think of advising any one to come out here—it is too much of a speculation.

I have had one letter from Mr. Unthank, dated from the summit of the Oroya Railroad, asking me for employment; but I have no opening for him just at present. If Congress votes money for carrying on the work, I can probably give him something to do shortly.

I commenced this note in Arequipa, and am now at Mollendo, the seaport, for a change. It is a change, for it feels like Aspinwall with the trade winds blowing, only not so warm."

YAKIMA VALLEY.—We are indebted to a gentleman who arrived in this city a few days since, for the following particulars concerning the Yakima valley:

The valley proper is composed of Yakima, Coley, Kittitas and Wenass valleys. The Yakima river is navigable for more than 100 miles from the mouth without serious impediment to the channel, except one rapid, which, with but comparatively little expense could be removed, so as to allow boats to ascend and descend without difficulty. Nearly the whole basin through which the river runs is composed of a black, rich appearing loam. The soil is wonderfully fertile and productive. The first settlements in the valley, are those in the Yakima proper. There are about 400 voters in that portion of the country. The little town of Yakima City has three stores, two blacksmiths, a wheelwright, two saddlers' shops, three saloons, two hotels, one butcher shop and eight or ten dwelling houses. The most important of all is an extensive flouring mill, which has a capacity for turning out a large quantity of flour per day. The Kittias valley is probably the most important valley included in the basin. The average width of this valley is about 25 miles, and nearly 70 miles in length. During the past summer about two hundred families have gone into this valley for permanent settlement. There has been during the past year a Government surveying party employed at intervals in surveying this valley. The Winass and Naches valleys are both fine grazing and farming districts, but neither are so extensive as the others mentioned. On the headwaters of the Yakima river, there have been employed during the past season, some 400 Chinamen in prospecting and mining, with varied success. The prospects made are not discouraging and may in time yield satisfactory results. The whole of the Yakima country is certainly one of the finest stock growing districts on the Pacific coast; the natural range for stock is not surpassed anywhere. It is sometimes regarded with surprise why so many farmers in neighboring Territories and even this State remain on rented farms and allow such favorable opportunities to pass by unimproved. Snow in this valley rarely ever attains a greater depth than 18 inches. Its being in proximity to the line of the N. P. R. R. the land will in a short time become very valuable, and should there ever be a railroad from the Sound to Walla Walla, or intersecting the line of the Northern Pacific, it will undoubtedly pass directly through these fertile valleys.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

PERSONAL, LOCAL AND GENERAL.

(From the Advocate.)

On Sabbath afternoon, last, there was a full house to hear preaching by Rev. E. H. Hervey, corner of Ninth and D streets. Much interest is taken in this new preaching place and the appointment will be continued.

Rev. H. K. Hines, Presiding Elder of the Walla Walla District, preached in the Taylor street M. E. Church on Sabbath evening last. The sermon as reported was very excellent and appropriate. Bro. Hines has gone to Salem to visit his brother Gustavus, still on the sick list.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The firm of DeLashmutt, Gatman & Co., has been dissolved—Mr. Wm. Masters retiring.

A. B. Richardson will sell at auction at 10 o'clock A. M., to-day, all the household furniture of Mrs. W. H. Wood, on Morrison between Eighth and Ninth streets.

Raleigh Stott, Esq., of Washington County has associated with Mr. Chas. A. Ball of this city in the law business. Both those gentlemen are well known in this city and State and deserve a full share of professional business.

Persons wishing to make a present to their friends of a fine easy chair or an article of furniture at once useful and ornamental, should go to Hurgron & Shindler's.

During fourteen year's experience with advertisers and advertising agencies, we have never had dealings with a firm whose straight forward, upright policy so largely secured our confidence and respect as that of Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Advertising Agents, New York. Their contracts are always plain, intelligible, specific and liberal. They secure the most advantageous rates from publishers for the reason that the latter feel assured that they are secured beyond chance or technicality, in getting whatever the amount of their contract calls for, thus giving always that publishers have done as they agreed to.—*Sioux City (Iowa) Times.*

From Maine to California millions of children are wearing SILVER TIPPED Shoes—Why not, they are the cheapest and never wear through at the toe. Try them. For Sale by all Shoe Dealers.

IN THE HALF CENTURY of usefulness, *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry* has saved thousands from destruction. A half-hour's exposure, a few moments of draft will often create a cold which will lead to an incurable consumption. Use the Balsam in time; you will not regret it.

To protect the understanding of humanity, nothing there is like leather fastened together by CABLE SCREW WIRE. Boots and Shoes made in this way never rip, or cak, or come apart.

The firm of Geo. P. Rowell & Co., No. 41 Park Row, New York, is the most extensive Advertising Agency in the country, and one with which it is a pleasure to deal.—*Green Bay (Wis.) Gazette.*

Advertised by smiles is Sozodont, and if you use it daily, the white gleam of the pearls between the parted rubies will prove its excellence as a Dentrifice, and the sweetness of the breath will attest its purifying properties. 36

HOLLOWAY'S ARNICA PLASTERS.
The original and only true Arnica Plaster, possessing the Great Healing Properties of the Arnica flowers. The curative effects of these plasters in all cases of Pain or Weakness in the Breast, Side or Back, and in cases of Inflammation of the Lungs and Cough are truly astonishing, they give almost immediate relief. Ask for Holloway's
JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco,
2 Agents for Pacific Coast.

The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the lost Appetite, is

FRESE'S HAMBURG TEA.

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, if used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish and German, with every package. TRY IT!
For sale at the Wholesale and Retail Drug Store and Groceries. EMIL FRESE, Wholesale Druggist
Sole Agent, 324 Clay street,
o29:d&wcom1w6m San Francisco.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Soiree at the American Exchange this evening.

Hotel arrivals were lighter than usual yesterday.

A dense fog hung over the city yesterday afternoon.

To remove weeds (widow's), not a good looking man to work.

Messrs. Alisky & Regelo have made additions to their already well stocked store.

The sewer at the foot of Taylor street was undergoing necessary repairs yesterday.

There are seven colleges on the Pacific slope under the control of the Episcopal church.

No Eastern letter or paper mail last evening. Are we going back to old times—it is to be hoped not.

Mr. E. L. Stone will continue the jewelry business at 111 First street, until such time as he can procure other quarters.

It is reported that the Rink will be opened before the 1st prox., but we do not vouch for the truthfulness of the rumor.

Rev. Mr. Anderson will deliver special sermon on "False Teaching," at the A. M. E. Zion Church next Sunday evening.

Our correspondent at Hillsboro wants Portland to send to that place for the lie meant man, as the good people of that place are heartily sick of him.

The Stark street ferry now makes a straight course for the end of the westside roadway instead of touching at the side of the same, a more tedious mode of landing.

The very best way to clean a stained steel knife is to cut a solid potato in two, dip one of the pieces in brick dust, such as is used for knife-cleaning, and rub the blade with it.

The young men now buy a box of cigars and leave them in a prominent place at the sugar-holder's with their name written on them to give publicity to the fact that they are the owners thereof.

Last evening the parlors of Mrs. Harvey's residence on Park street were filled with a merry crowd of invited guests who were moving through the various dances to the music furnished by Prof. Cordes. Graham prompted in a satisfactory manner and the moments passed away pleasantly to all present.

AMUSEMENTS.

Masonic Hall has been selected as the place to hold the Grand Festival given by the German Aid Society. It will continue four evenings and the proceeds will be applied to the construction of a German Hospital in this city.

Wednesday evening's programme was repeated last night at the Theater to the smallest number of people we have ever seen at a performance in the Oro Fino Theater. It was a house calculated to discourage the most energetic manager in the business, and we do not wonder at Mr. Waldron's desire to close this temple of the drama. To-night Mr. Vinson intends complimentary benefit. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be produced, with Mr. Vinson as Uncle Tom, Miss Donin will personate the character of Eliza and Manager Waldron appears as Legree. A great many seats are already reserved, and we have no doubt the house will be crowded in every part.

Shaken Constitutions.

General debility, and the despondency by which it is invariably accompanied, are often regarded as the symptoms of incurable physical decay. Of persons thus afflicted it is often said that their constitutions are undermined; that they have nothing left to fall back upon; that they are hopeless cases. This, in at least eight instances out of ten, is a false conclusion. A constitution may be shaken without being undermined, and even if undermined may be propped and strengthened; and in many so-called hopeless cases there are reserves of vitality and latent vigor in the system that only require stimulating and developing to render them equal to the work of repair. The best and surest stimulant and invigorant that can be given as a remedy for decay of the vital powers, whether natural or casual, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. If the faltering physique can be roused into healthy activity by any human means, this regenerating vegetable cordial will accomplish that object. Its effects upon the appetite, the digestion, the nervous system, the secretive organs is most salutary. It not only acts directly upon the solids and fluids of the body, but indirectly upon the constitution itself. Persons left by fever in such a deplorably helpless condition that it would seem as they could never recover, may be completely built up—it might almost be said, *re-built*—by this mighty, this well-nigh infallible, vegetable restorative. At this season of inclement winds and chilling damps the Bitters should be taken as a protective medicine.

Dickey's Creme de Lis—For cleansing and preserving the Teeth, Beautifying the Complexion, and removing Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan. A new combination, equal to the best French preparations, and free from their poisonous ingredients. Invented by Geo S. Dickey, Chemist. nd&cm1m 10m

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.
THE PEOPLE'S DOCTOR, cures Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Lame Back, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Lumbago, Pain in the Breast and Sides, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramp, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Pains in the Stomache and Bowels, and all internal and external aches and pains.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL
speaks for itself, and time and test have proved it the best remedy in the world for the above complaints—Price, small size, fifty cents; large, one dollar per bottle. Ask for PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

BLOOD! BLOOD!
THE RIVER OF LIFE. Keep the ruby current clean and pure; get rid of Boils, Blotches, Pimples, Pustules, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all eruptions and disorders arising from impure blood, by using
PRATT'S NEW LIFE.
Keep your liver active and your bowels regular; cure FEVER and AGUE, Sick Headache, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Blood and Liver Remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price, one dollar. For sale by all druggists.
A. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
s23d3o0m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

Wants.

Wanted

$3,000 COIN, FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS, ON First mortgage City Real Estate.
Apply to P. O. BOX 304.
dec2dtf

To Let.

To Let.

STORE AND ROOMS TO RENT IN A GOOD LOCATION. Enquire of A. ROBERTS, corner of Washington and First streets. jan1dim

For Rent,

TWO NEAT COTTAGES, CONVENIENT to business
TO LEASE.—Several small farms near this city. LANDS and TIMBER for sale. Terms to suit the times. Apply to me at the Law Office of Marquam & Head, No. 143 Front St. P. A. MARQUAM.
dec31tf

For Rent,

TWO OR THREE THOROUGHLY WELL FURNISHED ROOMS. Terms reasonable. Apply at first house on Stark street from Third, north
dl6dim

To Let,

A STORY AND A HALF HOUSE TO LET, CONTAINING nine rooms, well finished, and a good cellar. Corner of Ninth and Hill streets.
Inquire of D. SIMON.
dtf

For Sale.

Real Estate Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO RECEIVE PROPOSALS from Real Estate Agents or others, for the purchase of that portion of his property lying in the city of Portland, Oregon, situated between Eighth, Twelfth, Columbia and Jefferson Streets. Said property comprises:
16 LOTS 50 by 100 feet,
2 LOTS 42 17 by 100 feet,
1 LOT 58 by 61 41 feet,
1 LOT 8 by 100 feet,
2 LOTS 32 41 by 100 feet,
2 LOTS 23 60 by 100 feet,
1 LOT 14 42 by 100 feet,
and adjoining the property of R. R. Thompson. Offers will be entertained for the entire property, or for the separate portions comprised in Blocks 245, 254, "D" and "O," consisting in each case of four Lots and two fractional Lots.
Address offers to T. J. ROBINSON,
dec30d4w41 Fort Monroe, Virginia.

FOR SALE!
A Hay Press,
A Little Safe,
About 1,200 pounds.
WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH!
OR EXCHANGE for HAY or PRODUCE.
Apply to EVERDING & FARRELL,
150 FRONT St., Portland.

PLANTATION BITTERS!

S. T.—1860—X.

The wonderful vegetable restorative is the shoot-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

For Preserving and Beautifying the Human Hair. To Prevent its Falling Out and Turning Grey.

A well-preserved Head of Hair, in a person of middle age, at once bespeaks refinement, elegance, health and beauty. It may truly be called Woman's Crowning Glory, while men are not insensible to its advantages and charms. Few things are more disgusting than thin, frizzly, harsh, untamed Hair, with head and coat covered with Dandruff. Visit a barber and you feel and look like a new man. This is what LYON'S KATHAIRON will do all the time. The charm which lies in well placed Hair, Ivory Curls, Luxuriant Tresses, and a Clean Head, is noticeable and irresistible.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores.
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Hotels and Restaurants.

OCCIDENTAL,
FORMERLY WESTERN HOTEL,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
S. D. SMITH, Prop'r.
Free Coach to and from the House.

St. Charles Hotel,
COR. FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS, PORTLAND.
J. B. SPRENGER, Prop'r.
THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN THE CITY—built of brick and with all the latest improvements. FREE COACH to and from the house.

METROPOLIS HOTEL,
Cor. Salmon & Front sts.
D. D. BUNNELL, PROP'R.
Best Furnished House in the City!
Dining-Room conducted on the
EUROPEAN PLAN. MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
Prices to suit the times.
BOARD AND LODGING $6 50 per week and upwards.

LOVE'S HOTEL,
LEWIS LOVE, Prop'r,
First street, between Main and Madison.
THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN REMODELED AND Refitted throughout with New Furniture. Table is supplied with the best. Charges liberal.

THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE!
FOR WORKINGMEN.
PLENTY OF GRUB AND NO AIRS!
Employers in want of help please call.

Markets.

SPAULDING BROS.,
Stalls 1 and 2,
CENTRAL MARKET,
Keep constantly on hand
The Choicest Meats.
SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

UNION MARKET,
Cor. Second and Washington Sts.
ISAAC BERGMAN, Prop'r.
Full Supply of Choice Meats.

JOHNSON & SPAULDING,
STALLS 37 AND 38,
Central Market,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats,
AND PACKERS OF BEEF AND PORK. HIGHEST Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH
INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC generally to call at his
NEW BUTCHER SHOP,
Washington St., one door east of Third.

Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge. Also, ROSNER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON.

JOB PRINTING!
A. G. walling
Announces that he
HAS RESUMED BUSINESS!
And is now
Prepared to Receive Orders
For JOB PRINTING and
BOOK BINDING!
At his
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE,
For the present in the
Herald Building,
Corner Front and Washington Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

City Box Factory,
SCHEURER & COYNE, Proprietors,
Central Steam Saw Mills, east side Front street between Madison and Jefferson.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING ALL KINDS of Packing Boxes, using Spruce Fir, or any other kind of lumber desired. Orders promptly attended to, and boxes delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
At Cost—Jewelry, etc., at B. L. Stone's.

Oysters.

EXTRA FINE NETART BAY
Oysters,
SERVED DAILY IN THE USUAL A NO. 1 STYLE
AT
Alisky & Regelo's,
No. 107, First street, Opposite Postoffice.

Fresh Oysters.
THE CELEBRATED
TRANSPLANTED NETART BAY
OYSTERS
At THE GEM.
C. W. WARREN & CO.,
WHOLESALE OYSTER DEPOT!
A. S. GROSS, Agent, Portland.

THE SHOALWATER BAY, Netarts, and Eastern Oyster Company having supplied the demand for Shoalwater Bay and Netart Oysters for the last five years, hereby notify their patrons in Oregon and California that this season they are prepared to also furnish them with Eastern Oysters. Supply inexhaustible. Customers can rely upon
TWO FRESH LOTS EVERY WEEK.
G. W. WARREN, Astoria. ESPY & CO., Shoalwater Bay.

15,000,000
NEW YORK
TRANSPLANTED OYSTERS!
FROM OUR
San Bruno Beds:
THE
FINEST FLAVORED OYSTERS
In the World,
For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by the
PIONEER IMPORTERS AND PLAN

A Disputed Baby.

SOLOMON'S DILEMMA REPEATED IN A KENTUCKY COURT.

A letter from Louisville of date December 10, gives an account of a remarkable case that came up for decision in the Court of Common Pleas of that city The case will be understood from the remarks of the Judge which were as follows .

Margaret Johnson, petitioner upon *habeas corpus*, vs Jacob Sparrow and Mary Sparrow, respondents. This is a contest between two women concerning an infant male child, of which each claims to be the mother and entitled to the possession. The case has no precedent, so far as I know, save that reported in the Bible (1st Kings, chap 30), and as there is no arbitrary power in this country for deciding such questions, it must, like other questions of fact, be determined by the weight of evidence. The child in dispute is an infant less than eight months old, and is in the possession of the respondent, Mary Sparrow. It was not born in wedlock. The petitioner, Margaret Johnson, is a white woman of a slightly brunette complexion. and the respondent, Mary Sparrow, is a woman of color, with a complexion indicating a predominance of white blood. The petitioner says the father of the child was a white man named George Vandyke, and it was born in the Louisville City Hospital about the 1st of April last. The respondent (Mary) says the child's father was her co-respondent, Jacob Sparrow, a white man, now before us, and that it was born at her house in this city on the 1st of June last, and has had it in possession ever since, and brings the child with her, in obedience to the command of the writ. The evidence places beyond all doubt the fact that to each of the women a male child was born at the several times and places claimed. This was admitted by the counsel for each. The question is, therefore, of which mother was the child now before us born? In behalf of the petitioner it was clearly proved that on the 1st of June last she delivered her child to a colored woman, Eliza Brown (who was called by her a witness and so testified), to be, by said Brown, delivered to a white woman, Mary Buckley, who wanted the child for some female in New York who desired a male child for adoption. It was also proved that on the same day and within less than half an hour after she received it, Eliza Brown delivered the child of petitioner to Mary Buckley for the purpose stated. All this occurred in this city on the day named, and these facts are not disputed on either side. But what became of petitioner's child after it went into the hands of Mrs. Buckley? The petitioner, who testified in her own behalf, says that she gave up the child to Eliza Brown for Mrs. Buckley, under a promise from the latter that it was to go to some white lady in New York for adoption, and that she rested content from that time until a few weeks before she commenced this proceeding, with the belief that Mrs. Buckley had complied with her promises when she was informed that the child had not been thus disposed of, but was in the city and in possession of Mary Sparrow. That she was willing that her child should be raised by a white woman, but not by a colored person ; and that so soon as she heard of its whereabouts, and was enabled to see it she recognized it as her child by the color of its eyes, its general appearance, and two marks on its head, which she pointed out. And now she says that the child before us is her own. Mary Buckley, the woman who received the child from Eliza Brown, testified that on the evening of the same day (1st of June last) when she received the child from Brown she delivered the same child in a basket at her window to Marry Sparrow in person, who went to her (Mary Buckley's) house for it. She stated moreover that the child before us was the same as she had received from Eliza Brown and the same she had so delivered to Marry Sparrow. In the absence of other testimony and opposing facts the case thus presented would be clearly in favor of the petitioner. But, unfortunately for her, Eliza Brown, one of her own witnesses, and a most important one, too, whose manner and demeanor were strongly in favor of her veracity, stated, on examination, that the child she delivered to Mary Buckley was not the child now before us and in possession of Mary Sparrow. On the contrary, she said that it was Mary Sparrow's own child, and that it was born at her house on the first of June last. She further testified that from that day and before she was a frequent and constant visitor at the Sparrows; that she had, whenever there afterward, always seen the child with Mary and in her possession; had handled and washed it often, and knew the child well, and knew the child now present to be Mary's child. She examined the child and mentioned the marks on its head, which she recognized as the same on Mary's child. What became of Margaret Johnson's child, after she gave it to Mrs. Buckley, she could not say. But she could and would say that the child present was not Margaret Johnson's but was Mary Sparrow's child. Besides this statement of Eliza Brown, so damaging to the claim of the petitioner, the other witness, Mary Buckley, called in her behalf, and who testified so directly as to the identity of the child, Mary Buckley, was successfully contradicted by Dr. Handley, Mr. Galbraith and others, as to previous statements made by her as to what she had done with petitioner's child—statements wholly different from, and in conflict with, that made on the hearing of the case. This contradiction of itself most seriously affects her credibility, and when considered with her vocation and general character, which was shown to be at least equivocal, entitles her to but little credence as a witness. Other witnesses, who had seen petitioner's child, gave it as their opinion that the child present was hers. Opposed to this evidence in behalf of the petitioner, quite a number of witnesses were introduced in behalf of the respondent, Mary Sparrow. She testified in her own behalf, and stated that she gave birth to the child now in her possession, on the 1st of June last, and had had it in her possession ever since. She denied that on the 1st of June, or at any other time, she had ever received a child from Mary Buckley. She said that the child now present had been with her and no one else since its birth, and pointed out not only two marks on its head, but another on its cheek and jaw, which it had from its birth, and furthermore said that Jacob Sparrow, her co-respondent and a white man, now present, was its father and was providing for her and her child. Mrs. Miller, a white woman, proved that she lived now, and had for two years past, with the Sparrows; that she was a seamstress at McKnight's carpet store, and when not at work occupied a room at Sparrow's house; that she was there when the child now present was born, and helped at the time to take care of it; that she had seen it every day since its birth, and knew it as well as she knew her own; that she lived in the same house with the respondents, who both had always claimed and recognized the child as their own since its birth, and had so provided for it And no attempt was made to contradict or impeach this witness. Dr. Nesbitt proved that Mary Sparrow was pregnant in March last, and gave it as his opinion that from her then apparent condition, the period of gestation would end about the 1st of June. Both Doctors Nesbett and Huntley, the only physicians who testified, in answer to inquiries as to the appearance of the child, and any indications it might furnish showing the absence or presence of African blood or descent, gave it as their opinion that, assuming the father to be white and the mother to be the respondent, or one of the same degree of African blood and color, a child so young as the one in dispute could not furnish in its appearance, color, or otherwise, any certain or unerring signs of the existence or absence of African descent or blood ; but that the complexion of this child and its appearance otherwise, in their opinion, did indicate the presence to some extent of such descent and admixture of blood. The novelty of the case, the intense but natural feeling manifested by the disputants, and the possible effect that our conclusion might have upon the future of the child, have induced a most attentive consideration of the evidence and the arguments of counsel. This consideration has resulted in the conclusion that the petitioner has failed to manifest her right to the child claimed by and in possession of respondents. This conclusion is, however, in no wise to prejudice the right of the child, now claimed by respondents, when of proper age, to assert for himself his own election as between those claiming to be his mother. The petition is dismissed with costs, and the respondents allowed to retain the child.

Small Pox.

HOW THE DISEASE WAS EXTERMINATED IN LOWELL, MASS.

[From the Boston Transcript, Dec 23]

It will be recollected that during the spring and summer of 1871 the small pox was alarmingly prevalent in the city of Lowell, and an efficient Board of Health was not organized till the middle of September This Board—Frederick Ayer, Chairman, and Abel T. Atherton, Secretary—called in consultation all the leading physicians in the place, and proceeded vigorously to exterminate the disease, which they effectually accomplished in about six weeks Their official report to the City Government gives in detail the programme adopted in battling with the contagion, and from this document we make the following extracts

The work of isolation was commenced immediately by removing as many of the most exposed cases as the hospital would accommodate, and by placing signals and police to prevent communication with each remaining case. It became evident that complete isolation in the streets of our city was next to impossible, and additional hospital accommodations were provided, when all existing cases, that were movable, were removed, and all new cases were removed as soon as reported. The removal or dismissal of each case was followed by the destruction of material, and most thorough fumigation of persons and premises. " " " The wagon and bedding used for conveying patients were thoroughly fumigated after each trip, and before they were returned to the city. A smoke house was established adjoining the Board of Health office, in which physicians and all other persons known to have been handling patients or visiting infected places were required to be fumigated, to prevent exposure to other people. In fact, every precaution that could be suggested to prevent the spread of the disease, was adopted and enforced. The result of this concentrated action is shown in the complete extermination of the epidemic and an almost entire eradication of the disease, and in short, in due

First—To the prompt report of cases and suspected cases to the Board.

Second—To the removal and isolation of all cases as soon as reported.

Third—To the immediate destruction or thorough fumigation of all infected material, and the thorough fumigation of all infected persons and premises.

Fourth—To every other precautionary measure, to prevent the spread of the disease, that could be devised; and

Fifth—To vaccination.

The report of the consulting physicians, made by Drs. Allen, Kimball and Graves, gives an interesting history of the epidemic and the medical action to counteract it, and states the following results:

"Our experience in dealing with the present epidemic compels us to place isolation before vaccination. The latter has not seemed to afford that protection which has usually been ascribed to it. At particular stages of the epidemic this agency did not arrest the progress of the disease as was expected. Neither in individual cases has it prevented persons, apparently well vaccinated, from having a violent and, in several instances, a fatal attack of the small-pox. A careful examination of quite a number of very grave cases, at the hospitals, distinctly showed marked cicatrices—some large, well pitted and made, as the patients said, by inoculation from the small-pox itself, or by virus from the cow-pox. Still, there were other patients where the disease was much modified—rendered lighter in form or shorter in duration—by the effects of vaccination. Then, in many instances, where individuals (including several infants) were subjected to the greatest exposure, and had recently been successfully vaccinated, they were perfectly protected. But the most striking proof of the protection of vaccination has been found on the corporations. Under the direction of their agents, a more systematic and thorough course of vaccination has been pursued among the operatives, and others connected with the mills, than elsewhere in our city.

The rule has always been to remove every case of small-pox or varioloid to the Corporation Hospital as soon as discovered. From the commencement of this epidemic in February only forty-nine persons have been taken to the Corporation Hospital from the mills or boarding-houses, and in no instance have other parties, exposed at the time, taken the disease. Twenty of these forty-nine were female operatives, and only two died. It is true, however, that some operatives, not boarding in the corporation boarding-houses, have been carried to the City Hospital, and others, prior to Sept. 25 have had the disease at their own homes, but this number is not large. As those connected in some way with the mills comprise one-third or more of the population of the city, the proportionate number sick with small-pox or varioloid from this cause has been, relatively, very small. " " " "

Of two things we are more fully convinced than ever—first, of the frequent imperfection of vaccination, either in the manner of doing it, or of some defect in the virus used; and second, in the absolute necessity of revaccination. This is indispensable. Let us adopt either of the two theories on vaccination—first, that its protective power gradually diminishes with the changes taking place in the human body, and, therefore, to test its continuance, revaccination becomes occasionally necessary ; or the other theory, that frequently the first vaccination may not be complete, and, therefore, it should soon be repeated and continued until it produces no effect. Then its protective power continues for life.

Complete isolation was regarded, in the outset, as an indispensable measure, and experience has shown that this could only be accomplished by removal to the hospitals."

To Young Men.

The young man who has an ambition to make a great noise in the world should learn boiler-making. He can make more noise at that trade than at anything else he can engage in.

If he believes a man should "strike for wages," he should learn blacksmithing, especially if he is good at "blowing."

If he would embrace a profession in which he can rise rapidly, he should become an coronaut. He couldn't find anything better "for high."

He certainly could do a staving (and perhaps a starving) business at the cooper trade.

If he believes in "measures, not men," he will embark in the tailoring business.

If the one great subject of his life is to make money, he should get a position in the United States Mint.

If he is a punctual sort of a chap, and anxious to be "on time," he should put his hands to watchmaking.

If he wants to "get at the root of a thing," he will become a dentist; although, if he does, he will be often found "looking down in the mouth."

If a man is a bungler at his best, he should become a physician, and then he will have none of his bad work thrown upon his hands. It is generally buried out of sight, you know.

Should he incline to high living, but prefer a plain board, then the carpenter trade will suit him. He can plane board enough at that.

If he is needy and well-bred, he will be right at home as a baker.

He shouldn't become a cigar-maker. If he does, all his work will end in smoke.

The young man who enjoys plenty of company, and is ever ready to scrape an acquaintance, will find the barber business a congenial pursuit.

The quickest way for him to ascend to the top round of his calling is to become a hod-carrier.

Don't learn chair-making; for, no matter how well you please your customers, they will sooner or later get down on your work.

G. A. R.—Baker Post No. 1.—Regular meeting every Thursday evening at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of
POST COMMANDER.

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings o each month. By order of the W. M.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 16, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 112¼.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 85¾c buying; 86¾c, selling

Gold bars are quotable at 500 fine.

Wheat in Liverpool—Average, California, 12s 3d@12s 5d; Club, 12s 9d@13s

Our local money market exhibits some indications of a relaxation, though still ruling closely. The call for funds from the interior to pay for purchase of Wheat, during the latter part of last and the first of the present week was quite extensive, but for two or three days past have somewhat declined, owing to the fact that a decline in that cereal has virtually suspended transactions. All agree that the future is hopeful and we even hear some talk of a "plethoric money market" during the coming spring, but there are others who claim that the tightness will prevail extensively during the entire harvest year. But from whatever source the general relief is to come, it has not been experienced on this coast as yet. The supply of funds here at present cannot be comparatively large, owing to the fact that the drain has been almost constant for some time past, while remittances have been made with no great display of promptitude by the sources of our cash supply. Money to loan is occasionally found, but is disposed of generally on private terms, or at least transactions are made in such a way that it is impossible to give the exact rates of inter st or discount, but we feel safe in saying that no money can be had for less than ten per cent per month on prime paper, and it is doubtless true that much greater rates are often paid.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—In interviews with several dealers to day, we find that a general feeling of uncertainty in regard to the future of the market prevails. It is difficult to say what would be a correct quotation, although we know of no parties offering more than $1 70 In fact, a firm in this city who have between 20,000 and 30,000 bushels, informed us that they were unable to get any higher offer for them than $1 70. The holders of the lot in question are not shippers and are now, as they have been for some time past, holding back for higher figures. They could have obtained $1 85 per central early in the week, and should the present decline prove permanent, the firm will be out to the tune of several hundred dollars on the single lot, by reason of refusing to sell for less than two dollars per central. We are not surprised that since the decline farmers are generally holding back their grain, as it cannot be definitely known whether any great length of time will elapse before it may again take a rise. We hear of no other above $1 70 to day and there are no sellers at that price.

FLOUR —Owing to private dispatches received during the past two or three days denoting a dull market in San Francisco, our own is somewhat depressed in tone, but rates remain unchanged, holders seeming easy in regard to the future. The supply on hand is fully commensurate with the demand for the present. The total shipments for the week have been about 13,000 sacks, to Puget Sound and San Francisco. There is quite an amount of country brands in store which is freely offered at $5 per bbl. Superfine at $4. Extra standard the hope of present shipments being made. We quote at branch at $6 per bbl.

OATS.—The shipments made during the week now under review have aggregated a very considerable amount and the stock in the hands of dealers here is rather less than it was one week ago and prices are in her favor. We hear of some sales in store which were made on terms equivalent to about 58 cents per bushel here in sacks. We quote our market to-day at 58@60 cents per bushel with a good demand.

BARLEY.—There are but few inquiries, principally for home consumption, low markets abroad precluding $1 40@1 50 as to quality.

HAY.—The market is well supplied and figures vary as to quality and manner of putting up. Good baled Timothy is quotable at $20@22 50, loose, $18@20 per ton, wild, $10@12.

FEED.—The high price of Wheat and the low price of flour has operated to produce a scarcity of this commodity so general of the mills from which our supply is derived are not running on full time Bran is quotable at $16@19 per ton; Shorts, $17 to $18; Chops and Middlings, $16@22 50 per ton

POTATOES.—The receipts have been pretty full and prices remain about as in last report, inactive at 50@55 cents per bushel. The demand is chiefly for home consumption. The San Francisco market is low and dull. No shipments thither are made, while the Sound trade is also shut off by the last year's large crop.

ONIONS.—Prices rule steady at 2@3 cents per pound. The receipts per several days have been quite large and only choice lots command the maximum.

POULTRY.—With the passing of the holidays all activity except in Chickens has ceased, but few Turkeys and Geese being in the market. We quote best lots of Chickens, jobbing at $4 50. Mixed $4@4 25.

BUTTER.—The most difficult thing in the market to report upon, owing to the various grades from choice dairy, to what is called common country, but can scarcely be called Butter; which find their way into the hands of the dealer. The latter is plentiful and a drug in the market at 20@22½c per pound, while the former is scarce and active at about 40@45c.

EGGS.—The supply reaching us since last week's report was made, has been very large, and we find the hands of jobbers are full. Many parties in the interior have been compelled to sell at a loss, large lots which were held too long for the market. We quote nothing above 25@28c per dozen to day.

MEATS.—There is a fair demand for Hams at 15@18c, Shoulders 11@13c, Sides 10½@11½c The trade is quite good for the season, and we note considerable shipments. Dressed Pork is worth 6@7c ₰ lb.

HIDES—Quite a live'y trade has been driven during the greater part of the season, and our shipments have been quite large. Dealers are doubtless enjoyed a fair profit if we may judge, by quotations of the markets abroad. Ours is unchanged at 15@16c for dry, 7@8c for salted, and green 6@7c ₰ lb.

WOOL—The shipments from our State during the year past, amounted altogether to near 1,200,000 lbs. There is not much offering in our market at present, and all good, is freely taken at 30@35c ₰ lb.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Flour—Hongkong market shows a slight improvement, Chinamen offering $5 for superfine; millers ask $5 25; and $6@6 25 for extra.

Wheat—6,000 sacks good shipped alongside of vessel, $2 05; market for shipping, $2@2 05; bid, $2 05; asked, $2 10.

Barley—Feed quiet at 1 37½@1 95, brewing, 1 45@1 50.

Oats—2@2 25.

Hay—16@22.

Bran—Sales of 50 tons from wharf lots at 24@24 50 ₰ ton.

Corn—Heavy receipts; market nominally lower.

Potatoes—60c@1 20.

Hops—Small lots have been placed at 45c, now quotable at 45@50c.

Wool—Stock in New York on the 1st instant, 6,314,000 lbs of domestic, and 4,735,000 lbs of foreign, against 7,175,000 lbs of domestic, and 7,811,000 lbs of foreign one year ago, showing a combined decrease of 3,900,000 lbs. Market was inactive, buyers holding off for more favorable rates. Dealers firm Sales at Boston for the week ending on the 4th, amounted to 1,500,000 lbs, with disposition to operate, which was checked by a stringent money market.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Sailed to day—Tidal Wave and W H Gawley for Port Townsend, ship John Duthie, Liverpool, and bark Mistletoe for Iquique, Peru.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Plows — Moline, 10 to 14 inch cut, $10@17 50; Peoria, 10 to 14 inch cut, $11@18 50; Collin's B 12 and C 8, $20, Collin's Cast Cast-steel, $18 50@20 Grain Drills—Buckeye, 9 and 10-hoe, $120@125, do with broad cast attachment, $5 extra. Cultivators—Victors, 9 teeth, $22. Buckeye broadcast Seeder and Cultivator, $40. Older Mills—Buckeye, two tube, Junior, $30@32 50; do, Senior, $50@60; Hutchinson's $27 50. Farm Wagons—$145@190. Harrow teeth, 12c ₰ lb.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 19@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11½c; Burlaps, per yard, 14@16c.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Mens', J. K. & Co's B. B. D. extra French calf, quilted or plain, d s, d s or t s boots, $12@75; J. K. & Co Milford Standard's s o d or peg, lace top boots, $60; Portland made French calf s s d s or t s boots, $7@7 75, Portland made d s or t s boots, $6 50; our grand kip, $5@5 50; Webfoot, 5½@6. Boys Boots—J. K. & Co. B. B. B extra French calf d s or t s boots, $6 @6 50; our favorite calf, $4 25@5; kip s o d $3 @3 50; Nash's calf pegged, $2 @3. Ladies'—Gaiter d kid for velvet top kids $2 @3 50; kid seat vamp kids, $2 @2 75; kid full seal kids, $3@3 50; Portland made calf kids, $2@4. San Francisco calf kids, $2@3 50; our buff kids $1@2 50; Misses and Children's kids, comparatively less and lower grades at very much lower quotations.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14; dressed, $22 @30, flooring, $23@28, lath, $3 per M; shingles, $4@5; Eastern hardwood, 15@20 per foot.

BRUSHES—Cane, $3@5 ₰ dozen, extra, $4@6

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $2 50@4, Jams and Jellies $4 50; Los Agicles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $3 75; Raspberries, $4 75; Blackberries $4 00, Pine Apple, $3 50, Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $3@3 50, Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4, Green Corn, $3@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following job bing prices: Costa Rica 20½@21; Guatemala, 20½@21; Rio and Manilla, 20½@21c; Java, 26@27c. J. F Jones & Co's Ground Java, 27½c, Chartres, 25c; Phœnix Premium, 20@22c

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight, light weight 16c

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey, $3; Asheris, $4 50; Calcine Plaster, $5, Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 6c; Borax, refined, 30c; Bi Carb Soda, 12½@13c; Potash Granz, 13½cm, do, $2 75, Rosin, ₰ bbl, $12 50; Saltpetre, kegs, 18@20c; Sulphur, $3@10.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 15@17c; cotton seconds, 13c; Sheeting, 9-4, 11½c; medium, 12½c, standard, 14@ 16½c; house lining, 9½c; Bleached sheeting, 7/8, 9@10½c, do, 7/8, 13½c, do, 4/4, 12½@15c; cotton checks, 16c; linen checks, 18@20c; Canadian Pr Cotton flannel, bleached, 10½c; do, brown, 12½@13c. Cottonades, light, 20c@25c; do, heavy, 28@35c. Denims, 16@20c. Hickory stripes, 17@22c, Standard prints, 11c, seconds, 9c. Delaines, 18@20c. Ginghams, 20@22c Ticks, 7/8, 14½@30c, do, 4/4, 18@30c Bear duck, 27c. Twine Hurd, denmark, brown, 32c/bbl, domestic, bleached, 60c@1. Bleached linen sheets, 7/8, $4@7 50 Sacks, seamless, double Alpaca linen, black, 25@30c. Waterproof, $1 10@1 25. Crash, 10@15c Ginghams—Domestic, 16@20c, Scotch, 22@30c Lawns, 10@27 Percales, 20@30

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 7@7½c, peeled, 8@8½c; Peaches, 12½@13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c, Plums, prime, 20@22c; Raisins, new crop, in box, $4 50; do, $5 50; quarter $3, eighth boxes, $7, Zante Currants, 14c, Oregon do 10@12c; Citron, 50@60c.

FISH—Cod, Pa Bic, 6½c@c, Eastern, 10c; Mackerel, No. 1, ₰ bl $21 00, do No 2 19 00; do kits, No 1, $3 00; do No 2, $2 75; Salmon pickled, extra, bbls, $1 00@1 25; kits, $6 50@7 00 Canned spiced, fresh, 2-lb cans, $3 00 per doz; 1-lb, $2 25 Sardines, qrs, $3 25; kits, $6.

NAILS—Quotable 10 to 60d per keg, $6 75; 8d 25c per keg advance; 6d, 50c per keg advance; 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance; cut spikes, 50c per keg advance on the price of 10d, fence, 25c per keg advance on same size of common nails; finishing and brads, 50c per keg advance on same size of common nails; box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails.

NUTS—Almonds, 25@30c; Brazil, 20c; Filberts, 20c; Hickory, 25c; Peanut, 10c; Pecan, 20c; Walnuts, 16c.

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots for Devoe's, 55cts; Downer's, 60@65c; Standard, 60c; Crystalline (5-gal cans), 50c; Crystaline (2-gal cans) 50c; Gaslight, 50@52½; China Nut, 92½@97c; Lard, in casks, extra, $1 25; No 1, $1 10; in barrels, extra, $1 10; No 1, 21, Castor, $1 75@1 80; Machine, 35c@$1 15. Linseed, $1 10@1 20 for Salem.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical pure zinc, $2 75; Atlantic, 13¼@14, Bartlett, 11@12, North River, 11, Greenback, 10½; French zinc white, 10, Devoe's zinc white, 12, Lampblack, Lally's, 50@60; Germantown, 45@50, ordinary, 25@30c Venetian red, 6@8; Harris' colors, 5@7; red lead, 12½@13, Litharge, 13@14, fire proof, 5@6 cents.

RICE—China, 7¼@8c; Patna, 9c; Island, 10c. Carolina, 12½c.

ROPE—Market firm at 20c ₰ lb in jobbing lots.

SALT—Ground Rock, $17 ₰ ton; Carmen Island, $20 @22 50; Liverpool coarse, $25, fine, $30@37 50.

SALERATUS—Barton's, 8½cts, Donnelly's, 8½cts; Babbitt's 10c@10½c.

SPICES—Pepper and Allspice, in grain 25c. Cinnamon 15@50; Cloves, 25@30c; Nutmeg, $1 25@1 35. Spices in ginds Pepper, Ginger and Allspice, $1 50 ₰ doz, Cinnamon, 75, Mustard $1 75.

SUGAR—In the market is very firm for Island at 8½@11½c; Yellow and Golden C, in bbls, 12½@ 12¾c; in hf bbls 13c higher; Crushed, 14c in bbls; 1 hf bbls 14¾c, Powdered 13¾@14½c

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies at 25@5 Ryes do $2 50@3 Domestic do $1 @2 Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brandy $1@1 Californ'a wheat whisky $1 37½ and the advance Gin—Holland $1 50@5, Old Tom, $2@3 50, Rum—Penn, $1 50@3; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50 New England, $2@2 50, Jamaica, $4@8.

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco $45, refined bar, ₰ lb, 8½c, sheet 14 to 20, 9½c; do 24 to 27, 10c. Copper—Sheathing, ₰ lb, 42c, do Yellow, do do bronzed tinned, 45c; do old, 26c. Tin plates—Plates charcoal, IX per box, $9 50, do IC plate, $17 50; Roofing Plates, $17; Banca Tin slabs ₰ lb, 62½c; Steel—English cast steel ₰ lb 18c Sheet—Sheet Iron, 9½c, Pipe 12, Bar 12@12½c; Zinc—Sheet ₰ lb 14c Babbitt metal, 30@40 Quicksilver, 80c, Prices were has advanced 25@50 ₰ flask.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c; pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 1-lb papers, 11½c; silver gloss, 5-lb boxes, 12½c, 1-lb papers, 13c, corn, 1 lb papers, 10c.

SYRUP—A fair demand exists at prices ranging from, in kegs, 60@62½c; hf bbls, 65@67½c; bbls, 55@57½c.

SOAP—Quotable firm for R. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 7@7½c.

TEAS—Stocks on hand good, with demand dull at the following ranges: young hyson, 90c@$1 30 per lb; black, 55@90c per lb; Japan, in papers, 50@62½c per lb; lacquered box, 65c to 80c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ₰ gal

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—We quote agents' rates as follows (the first figure per bale, last for less). For Blankets (Pearl), 4, $16; 5, $11 50; 6, $10 25, 7, 9 50, 8, $9 50; other descriptions 4 pt Grey, $8 00@8 25; 3 pt $7 00@7 25; 3 pt black border Grey, $5 50@5 75; 4 pt Vienna, $11@11 25, 3 pt, $8 50@8 75; 4 pt scarlet, $12 50 @12 75, 3 pt $9 50@9 75; 4 pt Green, $10 50@10 75; 3 pt $8@8 25; 4 pt Blue, $10 50@10 75; 3 pt, $8@8 25; No. 2 Indian, $6@6 25. Flannel Clothing for 10 oz cut (first figures for regular and last for extra), Overshirts, $23 ₰ dozen; Grey Underclothing, $18; White Underclothing, $21@23; Scarlet Underclothing, $23@25; Fancy Cassimere Overshirts, extra size, $23@35 ₰ doz; Fancy Check Overshirts, $26 00. Flannels, per yard, blue mixed twilled, 50@60c; Scarlet, 60@65c; White, 60@65c, Fancy Plaid, 57½@60c; plain colored, 45@50c; plain checked, 60@65. Honey Comb, per yard; plain, $2 25, fancy, $2 25 Cloths, per yard Hard Times, $1@ 1 12½; Cassimeres, $1 25@1 75, Doeskin, $1 25@2; Tweed, $1 00@1 00; Yarns, $1 37@1 75

YEAST POWDERS—Preston & Merrill, $7 30@28; Rumford's, $25@28 50; Jones' $22 50@24; Donnelly's, $22.

Retail Family Market

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.		CANNED GOODS.	
	₰ doz.		₰ doz.
Oranges, per doz.	1 00	Oysters, 2-lb cans	4 0@4 50
Limes, per doz.	50	do 1-lb cans	3 0@3 50
Cocoanuts, each	12	Lobsters, 2-lb cans	3 75@4 00
Cala Grapes, ₰ lb	20	do 1-lb cans	2 50@3 00
Cranberries, ₰ gal	75c 90	Sardines, qr-tins	4 0@4 50
Lemons, per doz.	75@1 00	do half-tins	2 50@3 00
Peaches ₰ lb		Clams	1 50@1 00
Apples, ₰ box	1 00	Green corn, 2lb can	2 50@3 00
Plums, ₰ lb		" Peas, 2lb can	3 00@3 50
DRIED FRUITS.		" Beans, 2lb can	3 50@4 00
	₰ lb.	Tomatoes, 2lb cans	3 50@4 00
Figs, Cal	15@20	Peaches, 2½lb cans	4 00@4 50
Figs, Asia Min, new	10@12	Pine apples, 2lb cans	4 50@5 00
Figs, old	25@25	Strawberries, "	4 00@5 00
Apples	10	Blackberries, "	4 00@5 00
Plums, pitless	20@25	Apricots, 2lb cans	5 50@4 00
Prunes, Gor. & French	20@25	Jellies, in tins	5 00@7 50
Pears	8@10	Jams, in tins	5 00@8 00
GROCERIES.		SAUCES, ETC.	
	₰ lb.		₰ doz.
Coffee, ground	30@37		pts. qts.
do green O. R	22@26	Worcester Sauce	5 0@9 00
do " Rio	20	Catsup, Tomato	2 50@3 00
do " Java	30@33	do Mushroom	3 0@6 00
do Mocha		Capers	4 0@6 00
Sugar, crushed	16	Curry Powders	5 0@6 00
do pulverized	16	Mustard, French	2 75@3 25
do granulated	15	do Cal	2 50@3 00
do Yellow	14	Pickles, English	5 00@7 00
do Island No. 1	13@14	NUTS.	
do do 2	12@13		₰ lb.
Milk, condensed	37	Almonds	30@40
Candles, adamantine	20@25	Walnuts	20@25
do Paraffine	38@37	Brazil	25@30
do Sperm	62	Filberts	20@25
Oil, Kerosene ₰ gal	75	Peanuts	15@20
Syrup, Golden, ₰ gal	70	Pecan	25@30
Tea—	₰ lb.	Chestnuts	25
Gunpowder	$1 25@1 50	Hickory	25
Imperial	1 12@1 50	GAME.	
Young Hyson	1 00@1 50		pair.
Hyson	1 00@1 25	Ducks	62@ 75
Eng. Breakfast	90@1 25	Geese	1 50
Japan	75@ 90	Swan	3 00
PROVISIONS, ETC.		Grouse	75
Butter—	₰ lb.	Pheasants	62
Fancy Dairy	50	Venison, ₰ lb	10@ 12
do roll	40@45	FISH.	
Ordinary	20@30		₰ lb.
Cooking	20	Eastern Cod	10
Cheese, California	25	Pacific Cod	8@12
do Eastern	25	Sturgeon	6
do Oregon	25	Salmon	8@ 10
Hams, country	18	Desolation Cod	20
do city	20@22	Mackerel, ₰ kit	2 50@3 50
do Sugar-cured	21½@25	Fresh Oysters ₰ 100	75
Shoulders	11@13	VEGETABLES.	
Bacon, Clear Sides	15@16		₰ lb.
do Breakfast	18	Green Peas	2
Lard—		Green Beans	5
Pure Leaf, in tins	17@18	Tomatoes	3@4
Good, in tins	15	Squash	3
In bulk	15	Beets	2
Honey, Yellow Comb	25	Onions	3
do White	37	Carrots	2½
Eggs, per doz	25	Turnips	3
BREADSTUFFS		Garlic	12
Flour—	₰ sack.	Potatoes, new, ₰ lb	1@1½
Fancy brands	1 50	Celery, ₰ doz	100@1 25
Choice	1 25	Cabbage, ₰ doz	50@75
Common	1 02	Cauliflower ₰ doz	1 50
Graham, extra	1 50	Cantaloupe, ₰ doz	1 50
Corn meal, Cal ₰ lb	4@6	Watermelons	50@2 00
do Oregon	4@6	MEATS.	
POULTRY.			₰ lb.
	₰ pair.	Beef	10@12
Hens, grown	1 00@1 25	do choice cuts	18@25
Roosters, "	1 25	Mutton	12@15
Spring chickens	1 00	do choice cuts	20
Ducks, tame	1 50	Veal	12@20
Geese, "	3 00	Pork	12@16
Turkeys	4 00	do choice cuts	20

Samaritan Lodge No. 8, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members o the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order o N. G.

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To Whom It may Concern.

WHEREAS, UNDER THE LAW, AS DECIDED BY the Circuit Court of the United States in the case of L. B Munjr vs Geo W Vaughn, the title to a considerable number of lots in the east half of the donation land claim of D H. Lowsdale, in this city, might be disturbed; therefore notice is hereby given that all persons holding lots within the limits of said east half, by or under conveyances executed by said D H. Lowsdale, since, after the 27th of September, 1850 and all holding by or under conveyances executed by him in person before that date, with covenants for the subsequently acquired, can have confirmatory deeds from the heirs of said D H Lowsdale, without charge, upon application therefor, the applicants paying the expense of executing the re-conveyance and mailing deeds

W. LAIR HILL,
Attorney in fact for the heirs of D. H Lowsdale
Portland, Nov. 26, 1872. dec5d1m

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